TO THE HON. MAYOR AND MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL:

The following items were listed on the agenda in the City Clerk's Office in accordance with Section 3-103(2) of the City Charter and will be ready for your consideration at the regular meeting of the City Council on Monday, August 12, 2019 at 7:00 p.m. at the Tony Benavides Lansing City Council Chambers, 10th Floor, City Hall.

I. ROLL CALL

II. MEDITATION AND PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

III. READING AND APPROVAL OF PRINTED COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Approval of the Printed Council Proceedings of July 29, 2019

IV. CONSIDERATION OF LATE ITEMS (Suspension of Council Rule #9 is needed to allow consideration of late items. Late items will be considered as part of the regular portion of the meeting to which they relate.)

V. TABLED ITEMS

VI. SPECIAL CEREMONIES

1. Tribute; Memorializing Congress and the Federal Government to work to mitigate the root causes people of fleeing Central American countries and to work on immigration reform (PEND-978)

VII. COMMENTS BY COUNCIL MEMBERS AND CITY CLERK

VIII. COMMUNITY EVENT ANNOUNCEMENTS (Time, place, purpose, or definition of event – 1 minute limit)

IX. SPEAKER REGISTRATION FOR PUBLIC COMMENT ON LEGISLATIVE MATTERS

X. MAYOR'S COMMENTS

XI. SHOW CAUSE HEARINGS

XII. PUBLIC COMMENT ON LEGISLATIVE MATTERS (Legislative matters consist of the following items on the agenda: public hearings, resolutions, ordinances for introduction, and ordinances for passage. The public may comment for up to three minutes. Speakers must sign up on blue form.)
XIII. COUNCIL CONSIDERATION OF LEGISLATIVE MATTERS

A. REFERRAL OF PUBLIC HEARINGS

B. CONSENT AGENDA

1. BY COUNCIL MEMBERS DUNBAR, GARZA, HUSSAIN, JACKSON, SPADAFORE, SPITZLEY, WASHINGTON, WOOD

   a. Tribute; Memorializing Congress and the Federal Government to work to mitigate the root causes people of fleeing Central American countries and to work on immigration reform (PEND-978)

   b. Tribute; in recognition of Mount Calvary Baptist Church on their Anniversary (PEND-1020)

2. BY THE COMMITTEE ON DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING

   a. Setting a Public Hearing in consideration of the Intent to Create North Grand River Avenue Corridor Improvement Authority (PEND-982)

   b. Setting a Public Hearing in consideration of the Create South Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard Corridor Improvement Authority (PEND-983)

   c. Setting a Public Hearing in consideration of Brownfield Plan #76; Farnum Building Redevelopment Project at 123 West Allegan Street (PEND-956, 957)

   d. Obsolete Property Rehabilitation Act (OPRA) District; Summit Street Development, LLC. for property located at 700 May St. (PEND-941)

3. BY THE COMMITTEE ON GENERAL SERVICES

   a. Liquor License; Bar Mitena, LLC 2001 East Michigan Avenue, to transfer ownership of an escrowed 2018 Class C licensed business with Dance-Entertainment Permit from Tini Bikinis-Lansing, LLC; transfer location from 511 E Hazel, Lansing; cancel existing Outdoor Service and request new Sunday Sales Permit, (PEND-961)

   b. Community Funding; Moores Park Neighborhood Organization (PEND-1018)

   c. Claim Disposition; Claim#1698, Laurie Douglass for $1021 in trash fees at 3241 Palmer St. (PEND-950)
d. Claim Disposition; Claim #1673, Garrett Smith for $1,709 in trash violation fees at 2515 Linlawn Street (PEND-960)

e. Claim Disposition; Claim #1713, Douglas Glockzin for $3,875 in trash violation fees at 130 Island Avenue (PEND-959)

4. BY THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY

a. Orders to Make Safe or Demolish; 5624 Joshua (PEND-949)

C. RESOLUTIONS FOR ACTION

1. BY THE COMMITTEE ON DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING

a. Act-3-2019; Bear Lake Pathway, License Agreement (PEND-801)

D. REPORTS FROM COUNCIL COMMITTEES

E. ORDINANCES FOR INTRODUCTION and Setting of Public Hearings

1. BY THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

a. Amend Chapter 288 Section 288.21 to provide minimum qualifications for a Chief Strategy Officer (PEND-977)

F. ORDINANCES FOR PASSAGE

1. BY THE COMMITTEE ON DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING

a. Z-4-2019; 213 W. Malcolm X Street, Rezoning from "C" Residential District to "F" Commercial District (PEND-920)

b. Permanent zoning of newly annexed properties on S. Waverly Road and Jolly Road (PEND-905)

XIV. SPEAKER REGISTRATION FOR PUBLIC COMMENT ON CITY GOVERNMENT RELATED MATTERS

XV. REPORTS OF CITY OFFICERS, BOARDS, AND COMMISSIONS; COMMUNICATIONS AND PETITIONS; AND OTHER CITY RELATED MATTERS (Motion that all items be considered as being read in full and that the proper referrals be made by the President)

A. REPORTS FROM CITY OFFICERS, BOARDS, AND COMMISSIONS

1. Letter(s) from the City Clerk re:

a. Minutes of Boards, Commissions, and Authorities placed on file in the Clerk’s Office

b. Polling Place Changes; Ward 3 Precinct 28, Ward 3 Precinct 29, Ward 3 Precinct 31
2. Letter(s) from the Mayor re:
   a. Grant Acceptance; National League of Cities / JP Morgan Chase and Co. Grant for “Cities Addressing Fines and Fees Equitably”
   b. Local Agency Pavement Warranty Program, Adoption and Implementation

B. COMMUNICATIONS AND PETITIONS, AND OTHER CITY RELATED MATTERS

1. Notice from the Michigan Liquor Control Commission; Rite Aid of Michigan, Inc. application for New SDM License Issued Under MCL 436.1533(5)(b)(ii); New Sunday Sales Permit (AM) located at 1004 E Michigan Ave.

XVI. MOTION OF EXCUSED ABSENCE

XVII. REMARKS BY COUNCIL MEMBERS

XVIII. REMARKS BY THE MAYOR OR EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT

XIX. PUBLIC COMMENT ON CITY GOVERNMENT RELATED MATTERS  (City government related matters are issues or topics relevant to the operation or governance of the city. The public may comment for up to three minutes. Speakers must sign up on yellow form.)

XX. ADJOURNMENT

CHRIS SWOPE, CITY CLERK

Persons with disabilities who need an accommodation to fully participate in this meeting should contact the City Clerk’s Office at (517) 483-4131 (TDD (517) 483-4479). 24 hour notice may be needed for certain accommodations. An attempt will be made to grant all reasonable accommodation requests.
WHEREAS, the Lansing City Council considers human rights an inalienable fundamental right inherent in all human beings; and

WHEREAS, all sovereign states must comply with all relevant international human rights obligations; and

WHEREAS, there is an influx of individuals and families at the Mexican/US border that have become an international humanitarian crises in need of resolution; and

WHEREAS, thousands are fleeing their home countries because they are in jeopardy of losing their lives and their families due to gangs, human trafficking, persecution, and violence; and

WHEREAS, there have been numerous violations documented regarding violations and abuses against migrants and refugees in transit; and

WHEREAS, there is proof that children are being separated from their families, in many cases with no clear documentation to help track the children’s whereabouts; and

WHEREAS, reports are coming regarding appalling conditions in which migrants and refugees are being held in US immigration detention centers that are lacking adequate health care, food, and proper sanitation; and

WHEREAS, the detention waits are lengthy, arbitrary, and inefficient.

NOW THEREFORE be it resolved; the Lansing City Council calls on our federal US government to immediately end all family separation; and

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Lansing City Council calls on our federal US government to ensure all migrants and refugees have access to basic rights, such as water, food, health services, and safe shelter; and

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Lansing City Council calls on our federal US government to work with other nations to mitigate the root causes in the Central American countries that are causing their citizens to flee for safety; and

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Lansing City Council calls on our federal US government to immediately work on immigration reform; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Lansing City Clerk forward this Resolution onto the Michigan legislative delegations upon adoption.
WHEREAS, New Mount Calvary Baptist Church began August 8, 1964. It grew from former members of Friendship Baptist Church. At a prayer meeting just days after the church began Reverend Ferdinand Fritz, a former Pastor at Friendship Baptist Church agreed to serve as the Pastor; and

WHEREAS, the first official church service was held on Sunday August 16, 1964 at the YWCA on Townsend Street in Lansing, Michigan. Throughout its history the congregation has occupied three other buildings; and

WHEREAS, during the first year, twelve members were added to the Church; (8) by Baptism; (2) by Restoration; (2) by Christian Experience, also (2) babies were dedicated to the Lord. With a membership of approximately 160, New Mount Calvary Baptist Church was completely organized with 12 Auxiliaries; and

WHEREAS, throughout its history there have been three Pastors: Reverend Ferdinand S. Fritz, Reverend Columbus Clayton and Reverend Dr. Lonnie J. Chipp; and

WHEREAS, during New Mount Calvary’s history, the lives of many individuals have been impacted through evangelism, discipleship, preaching, teaching, counseling and community involvement; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, The City of Lansing City Council wishes to congratulate New Mount Calvary Baptist Church on its 55th year anniversary. May you continue in your journey and service for many more years to come. “And it shall come to pass, if thou shalt hearken diligently unto the voice of the Lord thy God, to observe and to do all his commandments which I command thee this day, that the Lord thy God will set thee on high above all nations of the earth.” Deuteronomy 28:1 - KJV
WHEREAS, the City of Lansing has prepared and forwarded this resolution of intent to create the North Grand River Corridor Improvement Authority (the Authority) in accordance with the provisions of Part 6, Corridor Improvement Authorities, of the Recodified Tax Increment Financing Act, Public Act 57 of 2018, as amended (the Act); and

WHEREAS, the intended North Grand River Corridor Improvement Authority Development Area, as defined in the Act (the “Proposed Development Area”), is comprised of eligible property within an area along North Grand River bounded by an area of all commercial property, as defined by Public Act 57 of 2018, found within 500 feet north and 500 feet south of the centerline of North Grand River, east on Franette Road to Old US 27 on East North Street with branches on North Martin Luther King Boulevard, Turner Road and Capital City Boulevard, and specifically identified in Exhibit A; and

WHEREAS; the District meets all of the requirements of section 605 of Public Act 57 of 2018, including:

a. The Proposed Development Area is adjacent to or is within 500 feet of a road classified as an arterial or collector according to the Federal Highway Administration manual "Highway Functional Classification - Concepts, Criteria and Procedures;" and

b. The Proposed Development Area contains at least ten (10) contiguous parcels or at least five (5) contiguous acres, and

c. More than half (1/2) of the existing ground floor square footage in the Proposed Development Area is classified as commercial real property under section 34c of the General Property Tax Act, 1893 PA 206, as amended (MCL 211.34c), and

d. Residential use, commercial use, or industrial use has been allowed and conducted under the zoning ordinance or conducted in the entire Proposed Development Area, for the immediately preceding thirty (30) years, and

e. The Proposed Development Area is presently served by municipal water or sewer, and

f. The Proposed Development Area is zoned to allow for mixed use that includes high-density residential use; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with Act 57 the City would further agree to the following with respect to the Proposed Development Area:

i. To expedite the local permitting and inspection process in the Proposed Development Area, and

ii. To modify its Master Plan, if necessary, to provide for walkable nonmotorized interconnections, including sidewalks and streetscapes throughout the Proposed Development Area; and
WHEREAS, at least one member of the intended Authority will reside within half (1/2) mile of the development district;

WHEREAS, the Act requires that before creation of the Authority, the Lansing City Council hold a public hearing in order to provide an opportunity for those living in and around the boundaries of the Authority, the City Assessor, a representative of the affected taxing units, the residents, and other taxpayers of the City of Lansing general public appear and be heard regarding the creation of the Authority.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that Council determines that it is necessary for the best interests of the City and the public to redevelop its commercial corridors and to promote economic growth; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the City Council hereby declares its intent to create and provide for the operation of a corridor improvement authority as enabled by and pursuant to Act 57; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Council hereby designates the boundaries of the intended Development Area as comprising parcels of real property identified in Exhibit B; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the intended authority will likely be known as the “North Grand River Corridor Improvement Authority”, subject to final resolution to create the Authority; and

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED that a public hearing shall be held in the City Council Chambers of the City of Lansing, 10th Floor, Lansing City Hall, Lansing Michigan, at 7:00 P.M. on the 23rd day of September, for the purpose of receiving comment on the establishment of the North Grand River Corridor Improvement Authority as set forth in Public Act 57 of 2018. Notice of the public hearing shall be published twice in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality, not less than 20 or more than 40 days before the date of the hearing. Not less than 20 days before the hearing, the governing body proposing to create the authority shall also mail notice of the hearing to the property taxpayers of record in the Proposed Development Area, to the governing body of each taxing jurisdiction levying taxes that would be subject to capture if the authority is established and a tax increment financing plan is approved, and to the state tax commission. Failure of a property taxpayer to receive the notice does not invalidate these proceedings. Notice of the hearing shall be posted in at least 20 conspicuous and public places in the Proposed Development Area not less than 20 days before the hearing. The notice shall state the date, time, and place of the hearing and shall describe the boundaries of the Proposed Development Area. A citizen, taxpayer, or property owner of the municipality or an official from a taxing jurisdiction with millage that would be subject to capture has the right to be heard in regard to the establishment of the authority and the boundaries of the Proposed Development Area. The governing body of the municipality shall not incorporate land into the Proposed Development Area not included in the
description contained in the notice of public hearing, but it may eliminate described lands from the development area in the final determination of the boundaries.
WHEREAS, the City of Lansing has prepared and forwarded this resolution of intent to create the South Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard Corridor Improvement Authority (the Authority) in accordance with the provisions of Part 6, Corridor Improvement Authorities, of the Recodified Tax Increment Financing Act, Public Act 57 of 2018, as amended (the Act); and

WHEREAS, the intended South Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard Corridor Improvement Authority Development Area, as defined in the Act (the “Proposed Development Area”), is comprised of eligible property within an area along South Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard bounded by an area of all commercial property, as defined by Public Act 57 of 2018, found within 500 feet north and 500 feet south of the centerline of South Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard, from the railroad tracks south of Victor Avenue to I-96, and specifically identified in Exhibit A;

WHEREAS, the District meets all of the requirements of section 605 of Public Act 57 of 2018, including:

a. The Proposed Development Area is adjacent to or is within 500 feet of a road classified as an arterial or collector according to the Federal Highway Administration manual "Highway Functional Classification - Concepts, Criteria and Procedures," and
b. The Proposed Development Area contains at least ten (10) contiguous parcels or at least five (5) contiguous acres, and
c. More than half (1/2) of the existing ground floor square footage in the Proposed Development Area is classified as commercial real property under section 34c of the General Property Tax Act, 1893 PA 206, as amended (MCL 211.34c), and
d. Residential use, commercial use, or industrial use has been allowed and conducted under the zoning ordinance or conducted in the entire Proposed Development Area, for the immediately preceding thirty (30) years, and
e. The Proposed Development Area is presently served by municipal water or sewer, and
f. The Proposed Development Area is zoned to allow for mixed use that includes high-density residential use; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with Act 57 the City would further agree to the following with respect to the Proposed Development Area:

i. To expedite the local permitting and inspection process in the Proposed Development Area, and
ii. To modify its Master Plan, if necessary, to provide for walkable nonmotorized interconnections, including sidewalks and streetscapes throughout the Proposed Development Area; and
WHEREAS, at least one member of the intended Authority will reside within half (1/2) mile of the development district;

WHEREAS, the Act requires that before creation of the Authority, the Lansing City Council hold a public hearing in order to provide an opportunity for those living in and around the boundaries of the Authority, the City Assessor, a representative of the affected taxing units, the residents, and other taxpayers of the City of Lansing general public appear and be heard regarding the creation of the Authority;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that Council determines that it is necessary for the best interests of the City and the public to redevelop its commercial corridors and to promote economic growth; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the City Council hereby declares its intent to create and provide for the operation of a corridor improvement authority as enabled by and pursuant to Act 57; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Council hereby designates the boundaries of the intended Development Area as comprising parcels of real property identified in Exhibit B; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the intended authority will likely be known as the “South Martin Luther King Corridor Improvement Authority” subject final resolution to create the Authority; and

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED that a public hearing shall be held in the City Council Chambers of the City of Lansing, 10th Floor, Lansing City Hall, Lansing Michigan, at 7:00 P.M. on the 23rd day of September, 2019, for the purpose of receiving comment on the establishment of the South Martin Luther King Corridor Improvement Authority as set forth in Public Act 57 of 2018. Notice of the public hearing shall be published twice in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality, not less than 20 or more than 40 days before the date of the hearing. Not less than 20 days before the hearing, the governing body proposing to create the authority shall also mail notice of the hearing to the property taxpayers of record in the Proposed Development Area, to the governing body of each taxing jurisdiction levying taxes that would be subject to capture if the authority is established and a tax increment financing plan is approved, and to the state tax commission. Failure of a property taxpayer to receive the notice does not invalidate these proceedings. Notice of the hearing shall be posted in at least 20 conspicuous and public places in the Proposed Development Area not less than 20 days before the hearing. The notice shall state the date, time, and place of the hearing and shall describe the boundaries of the Proposed Development Area. A citizen, taxpayer, or property owner of the municipality or an official from a taxing jurisdiction with millage that would be subject to capture has the right to be heard in regard to the establishment of the authority and the boundaries of the Proposed Development Area. The governing body of the municipality shall not incorporate land into the Proposed Development Area not included in the
description contained in the notice of public hearing, but it may eliminate described lands from the development area in the final determination of the boundaries.
WHEREAS, the Lansing Brownfield Redevelopment Authority has prepared and forwarded an approved Brownfield Plan pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of the Brownfield Redevelopment Financing Act, Public Act 381 of 1996, as amended, for property commonly referred to as 123 West Allegan Street located in the City of Lansing; and

WHEREAS, prior to Council’s action on this request, it is necessary to hold a public hearing on the Plan, to allow for any resident, taxpayer or ad valorem taxing unit the right to appear and be heard;

WHEREAS, the Brownfield Plan is available for public inspection at the Lansing Economic Area Partnership, 1000 South Washington, Suite 201, Lansing, MI 48912, and that all aspects of the Brownfield Plan are open for discussion at the public hearing.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that a public hearing be held in the City Council Chambers of the City of Lansing, 10th Floor, Lansing City Hall, Lansing, Michigan, on August 26, 2019 at 7:00 p.m. on Brownfield Plan #76 – Farnum Building Redevelopment Project under the Brownfield Redevelopment Financing Act, for property more particularly described as:

W 78 FT OF N 34 FT LOT 11 & W 78 FT LOT 12 BLOCK 115 ORIG PLAT,

and that the City Clerk cause notice of such hearing to be published twice in a publication of general circulation, no less than 10 days or more than 40 days prior to the date of the public hearing, and that the City Clerk also cause the legislative body of each taxing unit levying ad valorem taxes on this property, to be notified of Brownfield Plan #76 – Farnum Building Redevelopment Project and the scheduled public hearing.
Resolution to Establish an Obsolete Property Rehabilitation Act District at 700 May St.

WHEREAS, pursuant to PA 146 of 2000, the Obsolete Property Rehabilitation Act (the “Act”), the City of Lansing has the authority to establish “Obsolete Property Rehabilitation Districts” within the City of Lansing, and

WHEREAS, Summit Street Development, LLC, hereinafter called the “Developer” has requested in writing that the City of Lansing establish an Obsolete Property Rehabilitation District (the “District”) as enabled by the Act, for the property commonly known as 700 May St. located in the City of Lansing hereinafter described, and

WHEREAS, the Developer is the legal owner of greater than fifty percent (50%) of all taxable value of the property located within the proposed District, and

WHEREAS, it is determined that the District meets the requirements set forth in section 3(1) of PA 146 of 2000, and

WHEREAS, the Act requires that before establishing the District the Lansing City Council shall give written notice by certified mail to the owners of all real property within the proposed District and shall hold a public hearing in order to provide an opportunity for owners, residents or other taxpayers of the City of Lansing to appear and be heard regarding the establishment of the District and that such notice was given and said public hearing was held on July 22, 2019;

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the following property are hereby approved and established as an Obsolete Property Rehabilitation District as provided by Public Act 146 of 2000 legally described as:

COM AT THE SW CORNER OF SECTION 10, TH N00D31’32"W 390.58 FT (RECORDED AS N00D35’41"W 392.72 FT) TO POB: TH N00D31’32"W 121.20 FT; TH N82D26'00"E 86.98 FT; NO 82D58'07"E 15.01 FT; S89D51'56"E 140.63 FT; S89D44'56"E 55.83 FT; S00D28'26"W ALONG A BLDG WALL LINE 398.36 FT TO NORTH LINE OF MOTOR WHEEL LOFTS; TH N89D39'09"W 14.74 FT, S00D20'51"W 3.70 FT, N89D39'09"W 120.70 FT, N00D20'51"E 182.13 FT AND N89D39'09"W 50.84 FT; N00D20'51"E 84.23 FT; N89D39'09"W 108.50 FT TO POB, CONTAINING 1.83 ACRES, MORE OR LESS, SUBJECT TO ALL EASEMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS, IF ANY. SPLIT/COMBINED ON 02/01/2018 FROM 33-01-01-10-353-006 – PARCEL NUMBER: 33-01-01-10-353-008, and

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED that this resolution shall not be construed as the City Council’s approval of any future application for an Obsolete Property Rehabilitation Act District.
Exemption Certificate for the Developer or any other applicant.
WHEREAS, the Licensing and Enforcement Division of the Michigan Liquor Control Commission received a request from Bar Mitena, LLC to transfer ownership of an escrowed 2018 Class C licensed business with Dance-Entertainment Permit from Tini Bikinis-Lansing, LLC; transfer location from 511 E Hazel, Lansing; cancel existing Outdoor Service and request new Sunday Sales Permit; and

WHEREAS, the Committee on General Services met on _________ to review the request with affirmative action taken;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, the Lansing City Council, hereby, approves the request from Bar Mitena, LLC to transfer ownership of an escrowed 2018 Class C licensed business with Dance-Entertainment Permit from Tini Bikinis-Lansing, LLC; transfer location from 511 E Hazel, Lansing; cancel existing Outdoor Service and request new Sunday Sales Permit.
WHEREAS, Moores Park Neighborhood Organization requested $500.00 to defray costs for City rental equipment associated with their event, Moores Park Pavilion Gathering to be held September 21st, 2019 or September 28th, 2019; and

WHEREAS, the maximum total amount of Community Funding Account to be awarded to an organization in one fiscal year is $500.00; and

WHEREAS, the Committee on General Services met on August 12, 2019, reviewed the request and approved $______.

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Lansing City Council, hereby approves an allocation from Community Funding Account to Moores Park Neighborhood Organization in the amount of $______ to defray costs associated with City rental equipment for their event, Moores Park Pavilion Gathering to be held on September 21st, 2019 or September 28th, 2019.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Mayor and the Finance Department shall process this request by charging $_____ to the Council Community Promotion Account – 101.112101.741289.0.

BE IT RESOLVED that Men Making a Difference Inc. shall submit a written analysis of the event, including information regarding the number of attendees, a detailed account as to contributors, funds received, expended and residual funds to the Lansing City Council within 60 days after the event.
WHEREAS, Laurie Douglass sought to eliminate a special assessment of $1,021.00 for yard waste removal and all associated penalties and interest, on the property tax bill for 3241 Palmer Street (Tax ID #33-01-01-28-376-031); and

WHEREAS, upon filing a claim to the Committee on General Services, the Committee met on August 12, 2019 and ______the claim in the amount of $1,021.00.

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, the City Council, hereby,________ the claim in the amount of $1,021.00 for the yard waste removal and all associated penalties and interest on the property tax bill for 3241 Palmer Street (Tax ID #33-01-01-28-376-031).

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the City Attorney shall take the appropriate steps to process this claim.
WHEREAS, Garrett Smith sought to eliminate a special assessment of $1,709.00 for trash removal and all associated penalties and interest, on the property tax bill for 2515 Linlawn Avenue (Tax ID #33-01-01-27-158-182); and

WHEREAS, upon filing a claim to the Committee on General Services, the Committee met on August 12, 2019 and ______the claim in the amount of $1,709.00.

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, the City Council, hereby,________ the claim in the amount of $1,709.00 for the trash removal and all associated penalties and interest on the property tax bill for 2515 Linlawn Avenue (Tax ID #33-01-01-27-158-182).

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the City Attorney shall take the appropriate steps to process this claim.
WHEREAS, Douglas Glockzzin sought to eliminate a special assessment of $3,875.00 for trash removal and all associated penalties and interest, on the property tax bill for 130 Island Avenue (Tax ID #33-01-01-21-326-231); and

WHEREAS, upon filing a claim to the Committee on General Services, the Committee met on August 12, 2019 and ______ the claim in the amount of $3,875.00

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, the City Council, hereby,________ the claim in the amount of $3,875.00 for the trash removal and all associated penalties and interest on the property tax bill for 130 Island Avenue (Tax ID #33-01-01-21-326-231).

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the City Attorney shall take the appropriate steps to process this claim.
BY THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY
RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LANSING

WHEREAS, the Code Compliance Manager has determined that the building located at 5624 Joshua Street, Parcel # 33-01-05-04-427-101 legally described as: E 10 R LOT 2 EXC N 50 FT SUPERVISORS PLAT NO 3 T3N R2W is an unsafe or dangerous building as defined in Section 108.1 of the Lansing Uniform Housing Code and the Housing Law of Michigan and was red tagged on June 27, 2018; and

WHEREAS, a hearing was held by the Hearing Officers on April 25, 2019, at which the Hearing Officers determined that said building was an unsafe and dangerous building and ordered the building demolished or made safe by June 25, 2019; and

WHEREAS, said Hearing Officers filed a report of their findings and order with the City Council and requested the City Council to take appropriate action under the Lansing Housing and Premises Code and the Housing Law of Michigan; and

WHEREAS, the Housing Law of Michigan and Premises Code require a hearing be conducted to give the property owner an opportunity to show cause why a dangerous structure should not be demolished or otherwise made safe; and

WHEREAS, the City Council held a show cause hearing on July 29, 2019 to review the findings and the order of the Hearing Officers and the owners were notified in writing of said hearing and had an opportunity to appear and show cause why said building should not be demolished or otherwise made safe; and

WHEREAS, the Code Compliance Office has determined that compliance with the order of the Lansing Demolition Hearing Board Officer has not occurred; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the owner(s) of are hereby directed to comply with the order of the Hearing Officers to demolish or otherwise make safe the said building within 60 days from the date of this resolution.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the property owner(s) is hereby notified that this order must be appealed within twenty days pursuant to MCL 125.542 and should the owners fail to comply with the Hearing Officers’ order for demolition or make safe, the Manager of Code Compliance is hereby directed to proceed with demolition of said building.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED whether demolition is accomplished by said property owner or the city that appropriate seeding and restoration of property take place to avoid run-off to adjacent properties.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the cost of such demolition shall be a lien against the real property and shall be reported to the City Assessor.

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED that the owners in whose name the property appears upon the last local tax assessment record shall be notified by the City Assessor of the amount of such cost by first class mail at the address shown on the records. Upon the owners failure to pay the same within thirty (30) days after mailing by the City Assessor of the notice of the amount thereof, the amount of said costs shall be a lien and shall be filed and recovered as provided by law and the lien shall be collected and treated in the same manner as provided for property tax liens under the general property tax act.
BY THE COMMITTEE ON DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING
RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LANSING

Act-3-2019: Bear Lake Pathway between Cavanaugh and Forest Roads

WHEREAS, the City of Lansing plans to construct a 10 feet wide paved pathway with two feet shoulders across seven parcels between Cavanaugh Road and Forest Road; and

WHEREAS, the property agreements with the owners of these parcels would be needed to allow construction of the proposed pathway alignment for public, non-motorized, use and maintenance; and

WHEREAS, on January 29, 2019, the Planning Board reviewed the proposal in accordance with its Act 33 Review procedures, and found that:

- the construction of the pathway will take place with Federal and City matching funds,
- the community character is enhanced by this proposal, because all changes reflect the city’s Complete Street Ordinance; and

WHEREAS, on January 29, 2019, the Board voted unanimously (4-0) to recommend approval of Act-3-2019, for the request to permit the City of Lansing to enter into property agreements to permit construction of the Bear Lake Pathway; and

WHEREAS, the Committee on Development and Planning has reviewed the report and recommendation of the Planning Board and concurs therewith.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, the Lansing City Council hereby approves Act-3-2019 for the interests in real property associated with the construction of the Bear Lake Pathway.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the alignment through parcel no. 33-01-01-35-180-002 is generally described as:

SECTION 35, T4N, R2W, CITY OF LANSING, INGHAM COUNTY, MICHIGAN, BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS: COM 1210 FT E OF W 1/4 POST TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED CENTERLINE OF THE PUBLIC PATH; TH N 2 FT, NE 47.99 FT ALONG 60FT RAD, NE 66.7 FT, NE 52.6 FT ALONG 400 FT RAD TO E PROPERTY LINE OF CONSUMERS ENERGY PARCEL # 33-01-01-35-180-021; SEC 35, T4N, R2W; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the alignment through parcel no. 33-01-01-35-180-021 is generally described as:
SECTION 35, T4N, R2W, CITY OF LANSING, INGHAM COUNTY, MICHIGAN, 
BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS: COM 1320 FT E OF 1/4 POST 
AND N 153 FT TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING OF THE FOLLOWING 
DESCRIBED CENTERLINE OF THE PUBLIC PATH; TH NE 22 FT ALONG 400 
FT RAD TO THE N PROPERTY LINE OF CONSUMERS ENERGY PARCEL # 
33-01-01-35-180-021; SEC 35, T4N, R2W; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the alignment through parcel no. 33-01-01-35-180-002 reconvenes and is generally described as:

SECTION 35, T4N, R2W, CITY OF LANSING, INGHAM COUNTY, MICHIGAN, 
BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS: COM 660 FT E OF W 1/4 POST 
AND N 165 FT AND E 19 FT TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING OF THE 
FOLLOWING DESCRIBED CENTERLINE OF THE PUBLIC PATH; TH NE 67.84 
FEET ALONG A 400 FT RAD, NE 43.02 FT, NE 96.11 FT ALONG A 200 FT RAD, 
SE 366.55 FT, NE 53.14 FT ALONG A 70 FT RAD, NE 14.22 FT, NE 72.97 FT 
ALONG A 100 FT RAD, E 33.44 FT, NE 55.01 FT ALONG A 150 FT RAD, NE 
356.42 FT, SE 99.3 FT ALONG A 60 FT RAD, SE 93.84 FT, SE 105.78 FT ALONG 
A 60 FT RAD, NE 117.33 FT, NE 83.86 FT ALONG A 500 FT RAD, NE 67.18, NE 
107.21 FT ALONG A 60 FT RAD, NE 220.79 FT, NE 82.79 FT ALONG 60 FT RAD 
REVERSE CURVES, NE 62 FT TO ROGER TIJERINA PARCEL 33-01-01-35- 
179-101; SEC 35, T4N, R2W; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the alignment through parcel no. 33-01-01-35-179-101 is generally described as:

SECTION 35, T4N, R2W, CITY OF LANSING, INGHAM COUNTY, MICHIGAN, 
BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS: COM 324 FT E OF SE COR 
LOT 22 OTTO PARK SUB TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING OF THE FOLLOWING 
DESCRIBED CENTERLINE OF THE PUBLIC PATH; TH NE TO A PT 80.2 FT N 
OF SE COR OF PARCEL 33-01-01-35-179-101; SEC35, T4N, R2W; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the alignment through parcel no. 33-01-01-35-226-002 reconvenes and is generally described as:

SECTION 35, T4N, R2W, CITY OF LANSING, INGHAM COUNTY, MICHIGAN, 
BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS: COM 331 FT E OF SE COR 
LOT 22 OTTO PARK SUB AND N 80.2 FT TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING OF 
THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED CENTERLINE OF THE PUBLIC PATH; TH NE 
613.45 FT, NE 156.21 FT ALONG A 671.93 FT RAD, N 68.7 FT, NE 141.12 FT 
ALONG A 500 FT RAD, NE 33.71 FT TO A PT 967.29 FT +/- E OF SE COR LOT 
75 PROVINCIAL HOUSE NO 4; SEC 35, T4N, R2W; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the alignment through parcel no. 33-01-01-35-201-004 is generally described as:
SECTION 35, T4N, R2W, CITY OF LANSING, INGHAM COUNTY, MICHIGAN, BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS: COM 967.29 FT +/- E OF SE COR LOT 75 PROVINCIAL HOUSE NO 4 TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED CENTERLINE OF THE PUBLIC PATH; TH NE 82.04 FT, NE 53.47 FT ALONG A 500 FT RAD, NE 586.35, NE 18.29 FT ALONG A 200 FT RAD, NE 185.16 FT NE TO A PT E 712.53 FT OF N 1/4 POST SEC 35; SEC 35, T4N, R2W; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the ROW through parcel no. 33-01-01-35-201-004 is generally described as:

SECTION 35, T4N, R2W, CITY OF LANSING, INGHAM COUNTY, MICHIGAN, BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS: COM E 719.53 FT OF N 1/4 POST SEC 35, S 08DEG 04MIN W 889.82 FT, W 52 FT, N 82DEG 52MIN 26SCD W 889.82 FT, E 52 FT TO BEG; SEC 35, T4N, R2W; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the alignment through parcel no. 33-01-01-26-427-002 is generally described as:

SECTION 26, T4N, R2W, CITY OF LANSING, INGHAM COUNTY, MICHIGAN, BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS: COM E 712.53 FT OF S 1/4 POST SEC 26 TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED CENTERLINE OF THE PUBLIC PATH; TH NE 20.3 FT, NE 32.82 FT ALONG A 60 FT RAD, NE 94.38 FT, NE 19.39 FT ALONG A 60 FT RAD, NE 132.86 FT, NE 50.55 FT ALONG A 200 FT RAD, NE 152.71 FT, NE 33.96 FT ALONG A 500 FT RAD, NE 296.27 FT, NE 126.56 FT ALONG A 150 FT RAD, NE 59.1 FT, NE 48.78 FT ALONG A 200 FT RAD, NE 56.57 FT ALONG A 60 FT RAD, NE 46.73 FT, NE 26.94 FT ALONG A 60 FT RAD, NE 72.36 FT, NE 72.14 FT ALONG A 200 FT RAD, NE 69.03 FT, NE 3.7 FT ALONG A 60 FT RAD, NE 47.33 FT TO THE CENTERLINE OF PUBLIC STATEN AVENUE CONNECTOR PATH FURTHERMORE LOCATED AT THE INT’N OF THE CENTERLINES OF THE PUBLIC BEAR LAKE PATH AND THE PUBLIC STATEN

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Staten Avenue connector path alignment through parcel no. 33-01-01-26-427-002 is generally described as:

AVENUE CONNECTOR PATH; TH NW 20 FT, NE 26 FT ALONG A 60 FT RAD, N 70.8 FT TO A PT 10 FT E OF LOT 2 TAMMANY HILLS NO 3; SEC 26, T4N, R2W; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the alignment through parcel no. 33-01-01-26-426-012 is generally described as:

SECTION 26, T4N, R2W, CITY OF LANSING, INGHAM COUNTY, MICHIGAN, BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS: COM N89 DEG 10 MIN 51 SEC 401.44 FT E OF LOT 2 TAMMANY HILLS NO 3 AT THE POINT OF BEGINNING OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED CENTERLINE OF THE PUBLIC PATH; TH NE 111.93 FT, NE 66.18 FT ALONG A 60 FT RAD, NE 214.49 FT TO A PT N89 DEG 10 MIN 51 SEC 656.44 FT E OF LOT 2 TAMMANY HILLS NO 3 AND N 275.55 FT; SEC 26, T4N, R2W; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Staten Avenue connector path alignment through parcel no. 33-01-01-26-426-012 is generally described as:

SECTION 26, T4N, R2W, CITY OF LANSING, INGHAM COUNTY, MICHIGAN, BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS: COM 10 FT E OF LOT 2 TAMMANY HILLS NO 3 TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED CENTERLINE OF THE PUBLIC STATEN AVENUE CONNECTOR PATH; TH N 319.19 FT TO STATEN AVENUE ROW; SEC 26, T4N, R2W; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the alignment through parcel no. 33-01-01-26-427-002 reconvenes and is generally described as:

SECTION 26, T4N, R2W, CITY OF LANSING, INGHAM COUNTY, MICHIGAN, BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS: COM N89 DEG 10 MIN 51 SEC 656.44 FT E OF LOT 2 TAMMANY HILLS NO 3 AND N 275.55 FT TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED CENTERLINE OF THE PUBLIC PATH; TH NE 25.01 FT, N 37.91 FT ALONG A 100 FT RAD, N 239.25 FT, NE 12.89 FT ALONG A 239.19 FT RAD, NE 183.68 FT, NW 42.4 FT ALONG A 200 FT RAD, NW 19.84 FT, N 43.75 FT ALONG A 200 FT RAD, N 400.27 FT TO THE FOREST ROAD ROW; SEC 26, T4N, R2W; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the public pathway be placed in an agreement that meets the requirements of the Public Service Department; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the City of Lansing is authorized to enter into a license agreement with Consumers Energy for a distance of approximately 50' at the northwest
corner of parcel 33-01-01-35-180-021 for the amount not to exceed one hundred dollars ($100) annually; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the City of Lansing is authorized to purchase, from Roger Tijerina, a triangle 50’ x 150’ at the southeast corner of parcel 33-01-01-35-179-101 for the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500); and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the City of Lansing is authorized to purchase, from Hospice of Lansing, a 52’ wide strip of property on the east edge of parcel no. 33-01-01-35-201-004 for the sum of one thousand six hundred ($1,600) dollars; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the City of Lansing is authorized to enter into permanent easement agreements with:

Lansing School District 33-01-01-26-427-002
Tammany Hills Apartments 33-01-01-26-426-012

for the sum of one dollar ($1.00); and

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED, the Mayor, on behalf of the City, is authorized to execute all documents necessary to complete this transaction, subject to the prior approval as to content and form by the City Attorney.
INTRODUCTION OF ORDINANCE

Council Member Wood introduced:

An ordinance of the City of Lansing, Michigan, to amend the Lansing Codified Ordinances by amending Chapter 288, Section 288.21 to provide minimum qualifications for a Chief Strategy Officer.

The Ordinance is read a first time by its title and referred to the Committee of the Whole

RESOLUTION SETTING PUBLIC HEARING
BY CITY COUNCIL

Resolved by the City Council of the City of Lansing that a public hearing be set for Monday, August 12, 2019 at 7 p.m. in City Council Chambers, Tenth Floor, Lansing City Hall, 124 West Michigan Avenue, Lansing, Michigan, for the purpose of amending the Lansing Codified Ordinances by amending Chapter 288, Section 288.21 to provide minimum qualifications for a Chief Strategy Officer.

Interested Persons are invited to attend this Public Hearing
AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF LANSING, MICHIGAN, TO AMEND THE
LANSING CODIFIED ORDINANCES BY AMENDING CHAPTER 288 SECTION 288.21 TO
PROVIDE MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS FOR A CHIEF STRATEGY OFFICER.

THE CITY OF LANSING ORDAINS:

Section 1. That Chapter 288, Section 288.21, of the Codified Ordinances of the City of
Lansing, Michigan, be and is hereby added to read as follows:

288.21 CHIEF STRATEGY OFFICER

(A) TRAINING AND EXPERIENCE. HE OR SHE SHALL HAVE A MASTER’S DEGREE IN
FINANCE, ECONOMICS, ACCOUNTING, MANAGEMENT, ADMINISTRATION, OR A
RELATED FIELD. ADDITIONALLY, HE OR SHE SHALL HAVE FIVE TO SEVEN YEARS
IN FINANCE/ADMINISTRATIVE OR PROJECT MANAGEMENT.

(B) KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS. HE OR SHE SHALL HAVE BROAD KNOWLEDGE OF
FINANCIAL PROGRAMMATIC AND/OR PERFORMANCE BUGETING, FORECASTING,
AND INVESTING PUBLIC FUNDS. IN ADDITION, HE OR SHE SHALL HAVE
DEMONSTRATED KNOWLEDGE OF CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT PRINCIPLES AND
PRACTICES. HE OR SHE SHALL HAVE KNOWLEDGE OF COLLECTIVE BARGAINING
AGREEMENTS, INCLUDING NEGOTIATION OF CONTRACTS. HE OR SHE SHALL
HAVE EXPERIENCE IN STRATEGIC PLANNING AND EXECUTION. HE OR SHE
SHALL HAVE KNOWLEDGE OF MUNICIPAL PENSION BOARDS/SYSTEMS,
INCLUDING ACTUARIAL REPORTS.
Section 2. All ordinances, resolutions or rules, parts of ordinances, resolutions or rules inconsistent with the provisions are repealed.

Section 3. Should any section, clause or phrase of this ordinance be declared to be invalid, the same shall not affect the validity of the ordinance as a whole, or any part thereof other than the part so declared to be invalid.

Section 4. This ordinance shall take effect on the 30th day after enactment, unless given immediate effect by City Council.

Approved as to form:

__________________________________________  
City Attorney

Dated: ____________________________________
PASSAGE OF ORDINANCE

An Ordinance of the City of Lansing, Michigan, Providing for the Rezoning of a parcel of real property located in the City of Lansing, Michigan and for the revision of the district maps adopted by section 1246.02 of the Code of Ordinances.

Z-4-2019; 213 W. Malcolm X Street, Rezoning from "C" Residential District to "F" Commercial District

Is read a second time by its title. The Ordinance was reported from the Committee on Development & Planning and is on the order of immediate passage.

COUNCIL MEMBER | YEAS | NAYS
--- | --- | ---
DUNBAR | ☐ | ☐
GARZA | ☐ | ☐
HUSSAIN | ☐ | ☐
JACKSON | ☐ | ☐
SPADAFORE | ☐ | ☐
SPITZLEY | ☐ | ☐
WASHINGTON | ☐ | ☐
WOOD | ☐ | ☐

☐ ADOPTED ☐ FAILED
AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF LANSING, MICHIGAN, PROVIDING FOR THE REZONING OF A PARCEL OF REAL PROPERTY LOCATED IN THE CITY OF LANSING, MICHIGAN AND FOR THE REVISION OF THE DISTRICT MAPS ADOPTED BY SECTION 1246.02 OF THE CODE OF ORDINANCES.

The City of Lansing ordains:

Section 1. That the district maps adopted by and incorporated as Section 1246.02 of the Code of Ordinances of the City of Lansing, Michigan be amended to provide as follows:

To change the zoning classification of the property described as follows:
Case Number:  Z-4-2019
Parcel Number's: 33-01-01-21-131-009
Address: 213 E. Malcolm X Street
Legal Descriptions: Lot 20, Block 177, Original Plat from “C” Residential District to “F” Commercial District.

Section 2. All ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent with the provisions hereof are hereby repealed.

Section 3. This ordinance was duly adopted by the Lansing City Council on ___________ 2019, and a copy is available in the office of the Lansing City Clerk, 9th Floor, City Hall, 124 W. Michigan Avenue, Lansing, MI 48933.

Section 4. This ordinance shall take effect on the 30th day after enactment.
PASSAGE OF ORDINANCE

An Ordinance of the City of Lansing, Michigan, Providing for the Rezoning of a parcel of real property located in the City of Lansing, Michigan and for the revision of the district maps adopted by section 1246.02 of the Code of Ordinances.

To change the zoning classification of the properties described as follows:

Permanent zoning of newly annexed properties on S. Waverly Road and Jolly Road

Is read a second time by its title. The Ordinance was reported from the Committee on Development & Planning and is on the order of immediate passage.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>COUNCIL MEMBER</th>
<th>YEAS</th>
<th>NAYS</th>
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☐ ADOPTED  ☐ FAILED
AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF LANSING, MICHIGAN, PROVIDING FOR THE REZONING OF A PARCEL OF REAL PROPERTY LOCATED IN THE CITY OF LANSING, MICHIGAN AND FOR THE REVISION OF THE DISTRICT MAPS ADOPTED BY SECTION 1246.02 OF THE CODE OF ORDINANCES.

The City of Lansing ordains:

Section 1. That the district maps adopted by and incorporated as Section 1246.02 of the Code of Ordinances of the City of Lansing, Michigan be amended to provide as follows:

To change the zoning classification of the properties described as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parcel Number:</th>
<th>Address:</th>
<th>Legal Descriptions:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>23-50-40-36-400-236</td>
<td>11907 Jolly Highway</td>
<td>Commencing 433 Feet West of the Southeast Corner of Section 36; West 147.8 Feet; North 825 Feet; East 147.8 Feet; South 825 Feet to the point of beginning, Section 36, T4N, R3W to the “A” Residential District.</td>
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<tr>
<td>23-50-40-36-400-250</td>
<td>4820 S. Waverly Road</td>
<td>Commencing 750 Feet North of the Southeast corner of Section 36; West 211.2 Feet; North 75 Feet; East 211.2 Feet; South 75 Feet to the point of beginning, Section 36, T4N, R3W from “F” Commercial district to “E-2” Local Shopping District.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23-50-40-36-400-260</td>
<td>4848 S. Waverly Road</td>
<td>Commencing 625 Feet North of the Southeast corner of Section 36; West 211.2 Feet; North 125 Feet; East 211.2 Feet; South 125 Feet to the point of beginning, Section 36, T4N, R3W from “F” Commercial district to “E-2” Local Shopping District.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23-50-40-36-400-270</td>
<td>4880 S. Waverly Road</td>
<td>Commencing 475 Feet North of the Southeast corner of Section 36; North 150 Feet, West 211.2 Feet; North 200 Feet, West 221.8 Feet, South 350 Feet, East 433 Feet to the point of beginning, Section 36, T4N, R3W from “F” Commercial district to “E-2” Local Shopping District.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23-50-40-36-400-297</td>
<td>4902 S. Waverly Road</td>
<td>Commencing 300 Feet North of the Southeast corner of Section 36; North 175 Feet, West 433 Feet; South 175 Feet, East 433 Feet to the point of beginning, Section 36, T4N, R3W from “F” Commercial district to “E-2” Local Shopping District.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parcel Number</td>
<td>23-50-40-36-400-300</td>
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<tr>
<td>Address</td>
<td>5030 S. Waverly Road</td>
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<tr>
<td>Legal Descriptions</td>
<td>Commencing on the East Section line 241.5 Feet North of the Southeast corner of Section 36; North 58.5 Feet, West 433 Feet; South 58.5 Feet, East 433 Feet to the point of beginning, Section 36, T4N, R3W from “F” Commercial district to “E-2” Local Shopping District.</td>
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<tr>
<th>Parcel Number</th>
<th>23-50-40-36-400-310</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Address</td>
<td>5050 S. Waverly Road</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal Descriptions</td>
<td>Commencing on the East Section line 183 Feet North of the Southeast corner of Section 36; North 58.5 Feet, West 433 Feet; South 58.5 Feet, East 433 Feet to the point of beginning, Section 36, T4N, R3W from “F” Commercial district to “E-2” Local Shopping District.</td>
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<tr>
<th>Parcel Number</th>
<th>23-50-40-36-400-320</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Address</td>
<td>5058 S. Waverly Road</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal Descriptions</td>
<td>Commencing at the Southeast corner of Section 36, West 433 Feet; North 183 Feet, East 433 Feet, South 183 Feet to the point of beginning, Section 36, T4N, R3W from “F” Commercial district to “E-2” Local Shopping District.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 2. All ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent with the provisions hereof are hereby repealed.

Section 3. This ordinance was duly adopted by the Lansing City Council on _________, 2019, and a copy is available in the office of the Lansing City Clerk, 9th Floor, City Hall, 124 W. Michigan Avenue, Lansing, MI 48933.

Section 4. This ordinance shall take effect on the 30th day after enactment.
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August 9, 2019

Members of the Lansing City Council  
10th Floor City Hall  
Lansing, MI 48933

Dear Councilmembers:

The Minutes from the Meetings of the following Boards, Commissions, and Authorities of the City of Lansing were placed on file in the City Clerk’s Office and are available for review in the City Clerk’s Office and at the following website: http://lansingmi.gov/AgendaCenter

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BOARD NAME</th>
<th>DATE OF MEETING</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Planning Board</td>
<td>June 4, 2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Demolition Board Meeting</td>
<td>July 25, 2019</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If my staff or I can provide further assistance or information relative to the filing of these minutes, please contact us at 483-4131.

Sincerely,

Chris Swope, CMC, CMMC  
Lansing City Clerk
RESOLUTION #2019-
BY THE COMMITTEE ON GENERAL SERVICES
RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LANSING

WHEREAS, the Elmhurst School is the Polling Place for Ward 3, Precinct 28 and Ward 4, Precinct 32; and

WHEREAS, the Lewton School is the Polling Place for Ward 3, Precinct 31 and Ward 4, Precinct 33; and

WHEREAS, both Elmhurst School and Lewton School have limited space for two precincts; and

WHEREAS, City Clerk Chris Swope recommends that the Polling Place for Ward 3 Precinct 28 and Ward 3, Precinct 31 both be moved to Dwight Rich School; and

WHEREAS, City Clerk Chris Swope recommends that Ward 4, Precinct 32 remain at Elmhurst School and that Ward 4, Precinct 33 remain at Lewton School; and

WHEREAS, Averill School is the Polling Place for Ward 3, Precinct 30; and

WHEREAS, City Clerk Chris Swope recommends that the Polling Place for Ward 3, Precinct 30 be moved to Tabernacle of David Church.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Lansing City Council, hereby, relocates the Polling Place for both Ward 3 Precinct 28 and Ward 3, Precinct 31 be moved to Dwight Rich School at 4501 Pleasant Grove Road effective with the November 5, 2019 City General Election.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Lansing City Council, hereby, relocates the Polling Place for Ward 3, Precinct 30 be moved to Tabernacle of David Church at 2645 W Holmes Road effective with the November 5, 2019 City General Election.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the City Clerk shall notify the Registered Electors of Ward 3, Precinct 28; Ward 3, Precinct 30; and Ward 3, Precinct 31 of the relocations.

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED that the City Clerk shall work to ensure proper signage to assist relocated voters in finding their Polling Place.
WHEREAS, The City of Lansing was selected to receive a National League of Cities / JP Morgan Chase and Co. grant for "Cities Addressing Fines and Fees Equitably"; and

WHEREAS, the National League of Cities / JP Morgan Chase and Co. grant was the result of a competitive proposal process, and a proposal was submitted by the Office of Financial Empowerment on June 24, 2019, approved on July 1, 2019, and will be received upon approval by Council and signed agreement;

WHEREAS, The National League of Cities / JP Morgan Chase and Co. grant supports the assessment and reforming of municipal fines and fees; and

WHEREAS, the National League of Cities awarded $10,000.00 to the City of Lansing’s Office of Financial Empowerment; and

WHEREAS, the award for $10,000.00 does not require a local match;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, The Lansing City Council approves acceptance of the National League of Cities / JP Morgan Chase and Co. in the total amount of $10,000.00 for the grant period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending May 29, 2020 for the City of Lansing.

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED, The Administration is authorized to create appropriate accounts and to make the necessary operating transfers for the expenditure and control of the balance of the grant funds.
WHEREAS, the Michigan Legislature (MCL 247.663) requires each city or village to adopt a Local Agency Pavement Warranty Program that was approved by the Michigan Department of Transportation in 2018; and

WHEREAS, the Michigan Local Agency Pavement Warranty Program was developed by the Local Agency Pavement Warranty Task Force for use by all 533 cities and villages in the format approved by the Michigan Department of Transportation in 2018; and

WHEREAS, the Michigan Department of Transportation has reviewed and approved the Michigan Local Agency Pavement Warranty Program consisting of: Special Provisions (Boilerplate, Concrete, HMA, Location, Pass-Through Warranty Bond); a Warranty Bond Form and Contract Form; and Guidelines for Local Agency Pavement Warranty Programs; and

WHEREAS the above described Provisions, Forms, and Guidelines are attached hereto for reference and consideration.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, the City of Lansing hereby adopts the Michigan Local Agency Pavement Warranty Program and accompanying documents in accordance to the requirements of MCL 247.663;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, this resolution is made a part of the minutes of the City Council of the City of Lansing meeting on __(date)__.
WHEREAS, The Michigan Legislature created a requirement (MCL 247.663) as part of the Transportation Funding Package of 2015 that requires each city and village to adopt a Local Agency Pavement Warranty Program that was approved by the Michigan Department of Transportation in 2018;

WHEREAS, the City of Lansing adopted the Michigan Local Agency Pavement Warranty Program on ____(date)__;

WHEREAS, the City of Lansing agrees to consider a local pavement warranty on each project that includes $2 million or more in paving-related items and includes any state or federal funds;

WHEREAS, the Local Agency Pavement Warranty Program law requires each city and village to report annually on each project that includes $2 million or more in paving-related items and includes any state or federal funds, whether or not a warranty was utilized in the project;

WHEREAS, the City of Lansing agrees to implement the Michigan Local Agency Pavement Warranty Program consistent with the Guidelines for Local Agency Pavement Warranty Program document that was approved by the Michigan Department of Transportation in 2018; and which the City of Lansing’s adopted Implementation Policy defines the City of Lansing’s intent of its pavement warranty program;

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, the City of Lansing hereby agrees to implement the Local Agency Pavement Warranty Program and annually report in accordance with the law.
<local agency name>
LOCAL AGENCY

PASS THROUGH WARRANTY BOND

Bond Number: ________________

KNOWN ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS:

That we, ____________________________ (hereinafter called the "Principal" and ____________________________ (hereinafter called "Surety") a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of __________________ and duly licensed to transact business in the State of Michigan, are held and firmly bound unto the ________________ (hereinafter called the "Obligee"), in the sum of $______________ dollars for the payment of which sum well and truly to be made, we, the said Principal and the said Surety, bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

WHEREAS, the said Principal has heretofore entered into a contract with the Obligee, under Contract ID ________________ and;

WHEREAS, the said Principal is required to guarantee the:

installed under said contract, against defects in materials or workmanship which may develop during the period of ______ years beginning the date of the Acceptance Date of Warranted Work by the Obligee.

In no event shall losses paid under this bond aggregate more than the amount of the bond.

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH, that if said Principal shall faithfully carry out and perform the said guarantee, and shall, on due notice, repair and make good at its own expense any and all defects in materials or workmanship in the said work which may develop during the period specified above or shall pay over, make good and reimburse to the said Obligee all loss and damage which said Obligee may sustain by reason of failure or default of said Principal so to do, then this obligation shall be null and void; otherwise shall remain in full force and effect.

PROVIDED HOWEVER, that in the event of any default on the part of said Principal, a written statement of the particular facts showing such default and the date thereof shall be delivered to the Surety by registered mail, promptly in any event within ten (10) days after the Obligee or his representative shall learn of such default and that no claim, suit or action by reason of any default of the Principal shall be brought hereunder after the expiration of thirty (30) days from the end of the warranty period as herein set forth.

Signed this _______ day of ______________________ 20_______.

Contractor ______________________________________

By ___________________________________________

Surety _________________________________________

By ___________________________________________
a. Description. The Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) and Concrete Pavement Warranty (Pavement Warranty) consists of the contract warranty provisions, warranty bond, the terms of this special provision, the terms of the special provisions for Warranty Work Requirements for HMA and Concrete Pavements, and the Specifications for Warranty Work included in the contract. This special provision establishes the common terms, definitions, and requirements applied to pavement projects requiring a warranty. The Pavement Warranty assures and protects the Local Agency (Agency) from specific defects in pavements due to materials and/or workmanship.

Under the Pavement Warranty special provisions the Contractor is responsible for correcting defects in the pavement caused by elements within the Contractor’s control (i.e., the materials and/or workmanship), during the warranty term. The Pavement Warranty passes through to subcontractors and/or suppliers at the direction of the Contractor and upon written notice to the Agency. The Agency is responsible for the pavement design. Therefore, the Contractor assumes no responsibility for design related defects. A pavement defect due to the materials, workmanship and the design, will result in a shared responsibility for correcting the defect by the Agency and the Contractor. The Contractor is responsible for the percentage of fault attributable to the materials and/or workmanship. The Agency is responsible for the percentage of fault attributable to the design. Note: The Agency elects to require the Contractor to provide the pavement design(s) in design-build contract documents and specifications. In this case, the Contractor is responsible for the percentage of fault attributable to the design.

b. Definitions.

Abrasion. The wearing (loss) of a material by tire friction or snow plowing.

Acceptance Date of Warranted Work. The date when the warranted work is complete, has been determined by the Agency to be in compliance with the contract specifications, and is continuously open to traffic. This is the date of warranted work acceptance (See Section c. Warranted Work Acceptance) and constitutes the start of the warranty period. There may be more than one acceptance date of warranted work for a project.

Adhesion. The bonding of a material to an underlying pavement surface.

Asphalt Flushing. The accumulation of excess asphalt binder on the pavement surface that creates a shiny, reflective condition, and becomes tacky to the touch at high temperatures.

Cohesion. The resistance of a material to internal rupture.

Conflict Resolution Team (CRT). The three-person team responsible for voting in resolution of disputes between the Agency and the Contractor regarding any claim of non-compliance with the warranty requirements.
Crack. A visible fissure or surface discontinuity that may or may not extend through the entire slab/pavement. Cracks may be singular or in multiple patterns. Surface Crack types are:

- **Alligator.** Parallel longitudinal cracks with transverse tears between them exhibiting a pattern similar to an alligator hide. An alligator crack typically starts in a wheel path and may extend to other lane locations of a HMA pavement.

- **Block.** Transverse and longitudinal cracking in a pavement that has progressed to a pattern that the pavement is broken into blocks of size less than 12 - foot by 12 - foot. The shape of each block may be irregular.

- **Corner.** Orientation is generally diagonal and located near a concrete slab corner. It may intersect either a transverse or a longitudinal pavement joint.

- **Longitudinal/Open Joint.** A crack, at least five feet in length, that is oriented primarily in the longitudinal direction versus the transverse direction. That is, the angle between the overall crack line and the centerline is less than 45 degrees. It can exist anywhere in the driving lane; i.e., at the pavement centerline joint, wheel path, center of lane, or lane/shoulder joint. This does not include reflective cracking from underlying pavement.

- **Map.** Interconnecting, variable spaced cracks in a random orientation and pattern.

- **Non-Working.** Cracks that experience relatively little horizontal or vertical movement as a result of temperature change or traffic loading. As a general rule, a width less than 1/8 inch.

- **Transverse.** A crack, at least five feet in length, that is oriented primarily in the transverse direction versus the longitudinal direction. That is, the angle between the overall crack line and the transverse line is less than 45 degrees. It can be either straight or irregular in direction.

- **Working.** Cracks that experience considerable horizontal or vertical movement as a result of temperature change or traffic loading. In general, the width is greater than or equal to 1/8 inch.

**De-bonding.** A physical separation of two HMA layers. De-bonding will be visually identified as shoving, or loss of the top course. Surface potholes, regardless of depth, will be classified as de-bonding.

**Driving Lane(s).** The delineated pavement surface used by traffic and the portion of the pavement considered warranted work. Each of the following is considered a separate driving lane.

- Each individual mainline lane.
- The sum of all ramp lanes and the associated acceleration/deceleration lanes is considered a separate driving lane.
- The sum of all auxiliary lanes, such as passing lanes and turn lanes, is considered a separate driving lane.

Approaches, driveways, shoulders and adjoining transition tapers between various types of pavement are not considered driving lanes for the purpose of this provision.

**Joint Sealant Failure.** The loss of material integrity consisting of either adhesive failure de-bonding), cohesive failure (material separation), or the complete loss of sealant material.
Local Agency. A road commission or municipality with legal responsibility for the roads or streets within their respective governmental jurisdictions. Sometimes referred to as Agency.

Loss of Cover Aggregate. Areas of coarse and fine aggregate removal from the pavement surface caused by the mechanical action of troweling and/or grooving the concrete surface during placement.

Opening to Traffic. The allowance of vehicles on the new pavement with the appropriate lane markings/striping and signage.

Over-band. A type of crack sealing in which sealing material is allowed to completely cover prepared cracks by extending onto the adjacent pavement surface.

Raveling. Surface disintegration of a HMA pavement, due to the loss of coarse or fine aggregate material that occurs over an area or in a continuous longitudinal strip. Wear caused by snowplow abrasion is not considered raveling.

Rutting. A longitudinal surface depression in the wheel path. It may have associated transverse displacement or humping.

Scaling. The concrete surface has a visible, exposed, rough texture from a loss of either aggregate or mortar.

Shattered Slab. A concrete pavement slab broken into four or more sections by full-depth cracks.

Spall. Broken or missing piece of concrete contiguous with the perimeter edge of a slab with a surface area exceeding two square inches.

Warranty Bond. A bond (the lesser amount of 5% (percent) of the total contract amount or $1,000,000) issued by a surety which guarantees meeting of the warranty requirements.

Warranted Work. Completed warranted work upon acceptance that is to be evaluated throughout the warranty term.

Warranty Work. Corrective actions / repairs performed to correct deficiencies in the completed warranted work in order to achieve final acceptance (Section I of this special provision) at the end of the warranty term.

Warranty. A surety guarantee that the warranty requirements will be met.

c. Warranted Work Acceptance. The Agency and the Contractor must jointly review all completed warranted work, or a portion thereof, as determined by the Agency. If the work does not meet contract requirements, the Contractor must make all necessary corrections, at their expense, prior to acceptance. Warranted work acceptance will occur as soon as the Agency’s confirmation is in writing in the Agency’s acceptance notice. And that contract requirements have been met for the warranted work and has been continuously open to traffic. The date on which acceptance date of warranted work occurs is the start date for the warranty term.

Warranted work acceptance will be documented in the Agency’s acceptance notice and executed jointly by the Agency and the Contractor. A copy of the acceptance notice will be sent to the Contractor’s warranty bond surety agent by the Agency. Neither the warranted work acceptance nor any prior inspection, acceptance or approval by the Agency diminishes the Contractor’s responsibility under this warranty.
The Agency in order to accommodate seasonal limitations or staged construction shall accept the warranted work and begin the warranty term, excluding any area needing corrective work.

Acceptance of material, in penalty, under the Agency’s quality assurance program will not relieve the Contractor from meeting the Pavement Warranty requirements for the accepted material.

d. Warranty Bond. The Contractor is to furnish a single term warranty bond on a form supplied by the Local Agency, in an amount stipulated in the Special Provision for Warranty Work Requirements, prior to contract award. The effective starting date of the warranty bond and warranty term will be the Acceptance Date of Warranted Work. The warranty bond will be released at the end of the warranty term and/or upon satisfactory completion of all warranty work; whichever is later as per Section I. Final Acceptance of this special provision.

e. Rights and Responsibilities of the Agency. The Agency:

1. Reserves the right to approve the schedule, time, traffic control and methods proposed by the Contractor to perform warranty work.

2. Reserves the right to approve all material usage and specifications in warranty work.

3. Reserves the right to determine a Contractor’s warranty work performance as meeting the contract specifications.

4. Reserves the right to perform, or have performed, routine maintenance during the warranty term; which routine maintenance will not diminish the Contractor’s responsibility under the warranty.

5. Reserves the right, upon the non-availability of the Contractor, to make immediate emergency repairs to the pavement to prevent an unsafe road condition as determined by the Agency and upon notification to the Contractor of the requirement for additional repairs.

6. Will be responsible for monitoring the pavement throughout the warranty term. And will provide the Contractor all written reports of the pavement condition related to the warranty requirements. The Agency reserves the right not to relieve the Contractor of any responsibility based upon a claim for any failure by the Agency to adequately monitor the pavement or to report findings to the Contractor.

7. Will be responsible for notifying the Contractor, in writing, of any warranty work (corrective action/repair) requirement to meet the warranty requirements.

f. Rights and Responsibilities of the Contractor. The Contractor:

1. Must warrant to the Agency that the warranted work will be free of defects in the materials and/or workmanship. Ensure the warranty bond is described on the completed form and submitted to the Agency prior to award of contract.

2. Will be responsible for performing all warranty work including, but not limited to, maintaining traffic, finish pavement marking, and restoring all other associated pavement features, at the Contractor’s expense.
3. Will be responsible for performing all repairs, resulting from being in non-compliance with the warranty requirements, using Agency approved materials and methods. Corrective actions and/or repairs shall commence before the expiration of the 60-day period of notification unless otherwise approved by the Agency.

4. Will be responsible to perform emergency repairs of the warranted work upon verbal and written notification from the Agency as per Section k. Emergency Repairs in this Special Provision.

5. Must notify the Agency and submit a written course of action for performing the needed warranty work a minimum of 10 (ten) calendar days prior to commencement of warranty work, except in the case of emergency repairs as detailed in this special provision. The submittal must propose a schedule for performing the warranty work and the materials and methods to be used.

6. Must follow an Agency approved maintaining traffic plan when performing warranty work. Ensure all warranty work is performed under permit issued by the Agency’s Engineer. The permit fee and an individual permit performance bond will not be required. The permit insurance requirements, however, will apply.

7. Must furnish to the Agency, if warranty work required, a supplemental lien bond covering any warranty work being performed. The supplemental bond is furnished prior to beginning any warranty work. Ensure the supplemental bond is in the amount required by the Agency to cover the costs of warranty work.

8. Must complete all warranty work prior to conclusion of the warranty period, or as otherwise agreed to by the Agency.

9. Will be liable during the warranty period in the same manner as Contractors currently are liable for their construction related activities with the Agency pursuant to the current MDOT Standard Specifications for Construction including, but not limited to subsections 104.07.C, 107.10, and 107.11 or revisions thereto. This liability will arise and continue only during the period when the Contractor is performing warranty work. This liability is in addition to the Contractor performing and/or paying for any required warranty work, and will include liability for injuries and/or damages and any expenses resulting therefrom which are not attributable to normal wear and tear of traffic and weather; but are due to non-compliant materials, faulty workmanship, and to the operations of the Contractor as set forth more fully in subsections 104.07.C, 107.10 and 107.11 of the current MDOT Standard Specifications for Construction or revisions thereto.

g. Evaluation Method. The Agency will conduct pavement evaluations by dividing the project into segments. Each individual driving lane will be divided into segments of 528 feet (1/10 mile) in length for measuring and quantifying the condition parameters. The Evaluation Method will include field pavement condition reviews. The Agency reserves the right to waive this evaluation in emergency situations.

The beginning point for laying out segments will be the Point of Beginning (POB) of the project. Segments will be laid out consecutively to the Point of Ending (POE) of the project. The original segmentation of the project will be used for all successive reviews throughout the warranty term.

h. Condition Parameters. Condition parameters are used to measure the performance of the warranted pavement during the warranty term. Each condition parameter threshold limit is applied to each segment and defines the number of allowable defective segments before corrective action (warranty work) is required.
During the warranty term, the Contractor will not be held responsible for pavement defect caused by factors unrelated to materials and/or workmanship. These include but are not limited to: chemical and fuel spills, vehicle fires, snow plowing, and quality assurance testing such as coring. Other factors considered to be beyond the control of the Contractor which may contribute to pavement distress will be considered by the Agency’s Engineer on a case by case basis upon receipt of a written request from the Contractor.

i. **Warranty Requirements.** Warranty work will be required when the following two criteria are met as a result of a defect in the pavement.

- **Criterion 1** - The threshold limit for a condition parameter is exceeded, and
- **Criterion 2** - The maximum allowable number of defective segments is exceeded for one or more condition parameters for a driving lane.

Specific threshold limits and segment limits are covered in the Agency’s Special Provision for Warranty Work Requirements.

Joint field investigation(s) by the Agency and the Contractor will be conducted to reach an agreement to determine the cause(s) of the pavement defects, whether the cause(s) are a result of defects in materials and/or workmanship, and assignment of responsibility. All costs related to the joint field investigation will be shared proportionately between the Contractor and the Agency based on the determined cause of the condition.

If an agreement cannot be reached, a Conflict Resolution Team (CRT) shall be convened in accordance with Section j. Conflict Resolution Team of this special provision.

j. **Conflict Resolution Team (CRT).** If a dispute arises on the application or fulfillment of the terms of this warranty, either party may serve written notice that appointment of a CRT is required. The sole responsibility of the CRT is to provide a decision on disputes between the Agency and the Contractor regarding application or fulfillment of the warranty requirements. The CRT will consist of three voting members:

- One (1) member selected and compensated by the Agency.
- One (1) member selected and compensated by the Contractor.
- One (1) member mutually selected by the Agency and the Contractor. Compensation for the third party member will be equally shared by the Agency and the Contractor.

At least two members of the CRT must vote in favor of a motion to make a decision.

The CRT decides the need for a forensic investigation, its scope and the party to conduct the investigation. The forensic investigation, if any, will be conducted following the NCHRP Report 747 “Guide for Conducting Forensic Investigations of Highway Pavement”. All costs related to the forensic investigation will be shared proportionately between the Contractor and the Agency based on the determined cause of the condition.

k. **Emergency Repairs.** When the Agency determines that emergency repairs of the warranted work are necessary for public safety, the Agency or its agent may take immediate and sufficient repair action to safeguard the traveling public prior to notification to the Contractor of the need for emergency repairs. Emergency repairs of warranted work by the Contractor must be authorized by the Agency’s Engineer.
Prior to emergency repairs of warranted work, the Agency will document the basis for the emergency action. In addition, the Agency will preserve documentation of the defective condition.

However, should the Contractor be unable to perform emergency repair requirements, to the Agency’s satisfaction and within the time frame required by the Agency, the Agency will perform, or have performed any emergency repairs deemed necessary. Any such emergency repairs undertaken will not relieve the Contractor from meeting the warranty requirements of this special provision. Any costs associated with the emergency repairs will be paid by the Contractor if determined to be the fault of the Contractor.

I. Final Acceptance. The Agency and Contractor must jointly review all of the warranted work and any warranty work at the end of the warranty term to determine meeting of contract requirements. The Agency’s final acceptance date of warranted work and any warranty work will occur as soon as the Agency’s confirmation is in writing, on the Agency’s final acceptance notice as jointly executed by the Agency and Contractor And that contract requirements have been met for the warranted work and any warranty work. The Agency will authorize the release of the warranty bond, and with a copy of the final acceptance notice sent to the Contractor’s warranty bond surety agent.

m. Non-extension of Contract. This special provision must not be construed as extending or otherwise affecting the claim process and statute of limitation applicable to this Contract.

n. Measurement and Payment. All costs, including engineering and maintaining traffic costs, associated with meeting the requirements of this special provision are considered to be included in the contract unit prices for the warranted work items regardless of when such costs are incurred throughout the warranty term or after the end of the warranty term as jointly agreed upon between the Agency and the Contractor. These costs include but are not limited to, all materials, labor and equipment necessary to complete the required warranty work.
a. **Description.** This special provision is for use with MICHIGAN LOCAL ROAD AGENCY SPECIAL PROVISION FOR HOT MIX ASPHALT and CONCRETE PAVEMENT WARRANTY for construction/reconstruction projects using jointed concrete pavement on an unbound or stabilized aggregate base that will be warranted against defects in workmanship and materials.

When a local agency concrete project is to be warranted, its Initial Acceptance shall follow Section.602 of the current MDOT Standard Specifications for Construction.

b. **Terms of the Warranty**

**Limits of the Warranted Work** - Warranted work includes all jointed plain concrete pavement placed in driving lanes within the project limits, unless described otherwise on the plans.

**Warranty Term** - A timeframe which begins at the Acceptance Date of Warranted Work of a completed Concrete Pavement project. Multi-phased projects may have multiple “Acceptance Dates of Warranted Work.” The Warranty Term will last five (5) years, unless otherwise specified in the contract.

**Warranty Bond** - The Contractor shall furnish a single term bond worth 5% of the total contract or $1,000,000 whichever is less, secured in the name of the road owner and/or the agency in charge of the project. The effective starting date of the warranty bond will be the Acceptance Date of Warranted Work. The warranty bond will be released at the end of the warranty period or upon satisfactory completion of all warranty work; whichever is later.

**Warranty Requirements** - Table 1 lists maximum allowable defect thresholds for each condition per 1/10th-mile lane segments and the maximum allowable number of segments for each condition parameter. If the Contractor has not met any warranty requirement, even in non-contiguous segments, the Engineer will request warranty fixes.

Each driving lane will be assessed separately. Any warranty work required of the Contractor to correct deficiencies for any condition, will be full-width across the driving lane.

c. **Quality Control / Quality Assurance (QA/QC).** The Contractor is responsible for project quality and must provide QC testing procedures and results.

The Engineer will perform Quality Assurance (QA) testing as a spot-check to determine Initial Acceptance or assess penalties if specifications are not met. QA testing does not relieve the Contractor of QC responsibilities. A Contractor may not use QA tests as evidence in a warranty dispute.

d. **Initial Ride Quality Acceptance.** Initial Ride Quality requirements are outlined in the bid documents.
e. **Corrective Action.** Table 2 lists the recommended corrective actions/treatments for the various defects. The Contractor may use an alternative action subject to Engineer’s approval.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition Parameter or Defect</th>
<th>Threshold Limits Per Segment (Length = 528 feet)</th>
<th>Max. Defective Segments Per Driving Lane-Mile (b)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Transverse Crack</td>
<td>2 (a)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Longitudinal Crack</td>
<td>5% of segment length</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Map Cracking</td>
<td>10% of segment area</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spalling</td>
<td>10% each slab (c)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&lt; 2 slabs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surface Scaling</td>
<td>15% of the slab area</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&lt; 1 slab</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corner Cracking</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Joint Sealant Failure</td>
<td>10% joint length (c,d)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&lt; 2 slabs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shattered Slab</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- a. For segments less than 1/10 mile in length, divide the segment length in feet by 528. The multiply the threshold limit shown in the table by this fractional number. Round the result to the nearest whole number for the new threshold limit. In no case can the threshold limit be less than 1.

- b. The maximum allowable number of defective segments per condition for a specific driving lane is determined by multiplying the length of the specific driving lane in miles by the maximum allowable defective segments per mile as shown in the table for that condition. In no case can the max Defective segments per driving lane limit be less than 1.

- c. Can be non-contiguous. 10% value applies to total perimeter (four sides) of the slab.

- d. Applies to all transverse and longitudinal joints on the perimeter of the slab. Non-contiguous lengths will be summed on a per-slab basis.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition Parameter or Defect</th>
<th>Recommended Action (a)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Longitudinal Cracking (b)</td>
<td>Retrofit load transfer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transverse Cracking (b)</td>
<td>Retrofit load transfer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corner Cracking</td>
<td>Full-depth, tied, concrete patch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Map Cracking</td>
<td>Remove and replace</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spalling</td>
<td>Repair with epoxy or cement mortar (c)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surface Scaling</td>
<td>Diamond grind surface (d)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Joint Sealant Failure</td>
<td>Remove and replace seal material (e)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shattered Slab</td>
<td>Full depth slab replacement (f)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

a. If multiple defects are present, the Engineer may revise the recommended actions, up to and including removal and replacement.
b. The Engineer’s requested corrective treatment will depend on the crack’s location and depth. Full-depth T-cracks require retrofit load transfer (> 90% load transfer efficiency) as a minimum. Full depth/full length L-cracks require slab removal and replacement, if outside influence of lane ties.
c. The Engineer’s requested repair depends on the area and depth of spall, relying on most current specifications in the MDOT Material’s Technology Section, Construction and Technology Division.
d. Diamond grinding applies to entire slab surface area where scaling exists.
e. Replace with existing material type. Neoprene seals are removed and replaced full-width.
f. All shattered slabs must be removed and replaced.
a. **Description.** This special provision is for use with MICHIGAN LOCAL ROAD AGENCY SPECIAL PROVISION FOR HOT MIX ASPHALT and CONCRETE PAVEMENT WARRANTY for Local Agency projects constructing a Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) pavement that will be warranted against defects in workmanship and materials.

Follow Section 501 of the current MDOT Standard Specifications for Construction to determine initial acceptance of a warranted project.

b. **Definitions of the Work Types as defined in this specification**

*Long Term Warranty* - This includes *New Construction / Reconstruction* and HMA placement on an approved aggregate base where the subbase and drainage have been analyzed and determined that the planned improvements meet design life requirements.

*Medium Term Warranty*– This includes *Rehabilitation* and when HMA is placed on an aggregate base, subbase, and/or drainage situation, which was not analyzed to assure that the existing materials and/or planned improvements meet the pavement’s design life requirements and the project did not include or improve the base, sub-base and/or drainage. This includes crush-shape-pave projects and other similar 3R work.

*Short Term Warranty*– This is for *Overlays* when HMA is placed on existing HMA, concrete or composite pavement.

c. **Terms of the Warranty**

*Limits of Warranted Work* - Warranted work includes all HMA placed in driving lanes in the project limits, unless otherwise indicated on project documents.

*Warranty Term* – A timeframe which begins at the Acceptance Date of Warranted Work of a completed HMA project. Multi-phased projects may have multiple “Acceptance Dates of Warranted Work.” Warranty term length is specified in Table 1

*Warranty Bond* - The Contractor shall furnish a single term bond worth 5% of the total contract or $1,000,000 whichever is less, secured in the name of the road owner and/or the agency in charge of the project. The effective starting date of the warranty bond will be the Acceptance Date of Warranted Work. The warranty bond will be released at the end of the warranty period or upon satisfactory completion of all warranty work; whichever is later.

*Warranty Requirements* - Table 1 lists maximum allowable defect thresholds for each condition per 1/10-mile lane segments and the maximum allowable number of defective segments for each condition parameter. If the Contractor has exceeded any warranty requirement, even in non-contiguous segments, the Engineer will request warranty fixes.

Each Driving lane will be assessed separately. Any warranty work required of the Contractor to correct deficiencies for any condition, will be full-width across the entire driving lane.
d. **Quality Control/Quality Assurance (QA/QC)** - The Contractor is responsible for project quality and must provide QC testing procedures and results to the Engineer.

The Engineer will perform Quality Assurance (QA) testing, as a spot-check to determine Initial Acceptance or assess penalties if specifications are not met. QA testing does not relieve the Contractor of QC responsibilities.

e. **Corrective Actions.** Table 2 lists recommended corrective actions to outline typical acceptable treatments for the various condition parameters. The Agency will accept the listed corrective action if the action addresses the cause of the condition parameter. The Contractor may use an alternative action subject to Engineer’s approval.

### Table 1: Warranty Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition Parameter</th>
<th>Long Term Warranty (Includes New Construction / Reconstruction)</th>
<th>Medium Term Warranty (Includes Rehabilitation Crush &amp; Shape &amp; Pave)</th>
<th>Short Term Warranty (Includes Single Course &amp; Multiple Course Overlay)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Warranty Period</td>
<td>5 years</td>
<td>3 years</td>
<td>1 year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transverse Cracking</td>
<td>3(b)</td>
<td>3(b)</td>
<td>3(a,b,d)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Open Joints &amp; Long. cracking</td>
<td>10% of Segment length</td>
<td>25% of Segment length</td>
<td>25% of Segment length(a,d)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>De-bonding</td>
<td>5% of Segment length</td>
<td>5% of Segment length</td>
<td>5% of Segment length(a,d)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raveling</td>
<td>8% of Segment length</td>
<td>8% of Segment length</td>
<td>8% of Segment length</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flushing</td>
<td>5% of Segment length</td>
<td>5% of Segment length</td>
<td>5% of Segment length</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rutting (d, e, f)</td>
<td>Ave. rut depth = 3/8 inch</td>
<td>Ave. rut depth = 3/8 inch</td>
<td>Ave. rut depth = 3/8 inch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alligator or block cracking (g)</td>
<td>Any amount (none allowed)</td>
<td>Any amount (none allowed)</td>
<td>Any amount (none allowed)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
a. For a single course overlay, or multiple course overlays less than 2" thick, transverse and longitudinal cracking will not be warranty conditions.

b. For segments less than 1/10 mile in length, divide the segment length in feet by 528. The multiply the threshold limit shown in the table by this fractional number. Round the result to the nearest whole number for the new threshold limit. In no case can the threshold limit be less than 1.

The maximum allowable number of defective segments per condition for a specific driving lane is determined by multiplying the length of the specific driving lane in miles by the maximum allowable defective segments per mile as shown in the table for that condition. Round all fractional values n to the nearest whole number. In no case can the max. segments per driving lane limit be less than 1.

c. The Engineer shall waive this requirement if it is determined the cracks are reflective cracks from the surface being overlaid.

d. Rut-depth threshold applies to each wheel path individually.

e. For single course overlays constructed on existing rutted pavement without first milling, wedging or otherwise fixing the existing ruts > 1/2 inch, the Engineer shall waive this requirement.

f. The Engineer will evaluate for rutting throughout the warranty period. If rutting is found in a 1/10-mile segment, the rutting will be measured in that segment at the POB and every 132 feet thereafter.

The Engineer will take rut measurements with a straight, rigid device at least 7 feet long that does not deflect from its own weight, or a wire that remains taut when extended 7 feet. The Engineer will place across the pavement, perpendicular to travel with at least one bearing point on either side of a rut. The straightedge is properly located when sliding it along its axis does not change these contact points. The Engineer will measure rut depth at the greatest distance from the bottom of the straightedge to the bottom of the paved rut.

g. Any amount of alligator and/or block cracking is unacceptable, and must be removed and replaced as directed by the Engineer.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition Parameter</th>
<th>Recommended Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Transverse cracking</td>
<td>Seal, or cut/seal (per Engineer direction)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Longitudinal cracking</td>
<td>Seal, or cut/seal (per Engineer direction)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>De-bonding</td>
<td>Mill, resurface affected courses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raveling</td>
<td>Mill, resurface affected courses</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flushing</td>
<td>Mill, resurface affected courses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rutting</td>
<td>Microsurface or mill/resurface (a)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alligator or block cracking</td>
<td>Remove and replace (b)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The actual fix approved by the Engineer may differ from these suggestions.

a. The Engineer’s recommended action depends on rut depth.

b. Removal and replacement will be required for any areas exhibiting alligator or block cracking to the extent and depth of the cracking.
a. **Description.** This special provision establishes the conditions under which and method for a contractor to assign responsibility for the warranty obligations and the providing of a warranty bond to a warranty contractor(s). Second tier subcontractor assignments are prohibited.

b. **Requirements.** Ensure the Warranty Contract(s) and warranty bond(s) are on forms provided by the Local Agency. Ensure the bonds meet the requirements of Michigan law and of the Local Agency and include other items such as the powers of Attorney and Endorsement as specified by the Local Agency.

c. **Method.** The assignment must be made to the warranty contractor(s) that will perform the work covered by the warranty. If for any reason after signing the Warranty Contract and providing the Warranty Bond, the warranty contractor does not perform the work, the warranty contractor will remain obligated for the warranty obligations and the warranty bond obligations will remain in effect unless the Local Agency consents in writing to substituting a different contractor to assume those warranty obligations and accepts a substitute warranty bond.

The assignment of warranty work must be designated with and at the time of electronic bid submittal. To become a warranty contractor responsible for the warranty obligations of the contract, and providing a warranty bond, the warranty contractor must complete and submit to the Local Agency a Warranty Contract and a Warranty Bond for each warranty it will be responsible for. Ensure the Warranty Contract is signed by an authorized signer of the warranty contractor, as identified in its prequalification application.

Submit the Warranty Contract and Warranty Bond to the Local Agency prior to award of the construction contract to the prime contractor for the work to which the warranty applies. Ensure the warranty contractor is prequalified in the work classification for the type of work to be warranted. The Warranty Bond must guarantee performance of all warranty obligations for the covered work, in accordance with the Warranty Contract. All provisions of the prime contract will be applicable to the warranty contractor in regard to the warranty work, except as otherwise expressly provided in the Warranty Contract.

Under no circumstances does the assignment of the warranty work and the execution of a Warranty Contract create any obligations to the Local Agency beyond the obligations undertaken in the prime contract. The purpose of the Local Agency accepting the assignment of warranty obligations is to allow a warranty contractor to stand in place of the prime contractor for purposes of the warranty work without increasing any obligation or liability that the Local Agency would have had if the prime contractor had not assigned the warranty work.

d. **Measurement and Payment.** This work will not be paid for separately, but will be included in costs for other pay items.
Designers should add the project specific type of warranty and additional information shown in the example for the project following the format in the example below. Ensure the font and color is correct for the special provision, then delete this note and submit with the project at turn in to LAP (MDOT oversight) or Local Agency (local oversight) without further review.

MICHIGAN
LOCAL AGENCY
SPECIAL PROVISION
FOR
PAVEMENT WARRANTY INFORMATION

LM 1 of 1 3/8/2018

a. Description. This work consists of the determined low Bidder, or the subcontractor(s) indicated in writing from the contractor, providing a warranty bond for the warranty(ies) listed herein. Below are the warranty(ies) required in this contract along with the locations where the warranty applies and a listing of the pay items and estimated quantities associated with that warranty type.

Example of warranty information to be added.

WARRANTY WORK REQUIREMENTS FOR HMA PLACED OVER AGGREGATE BASE WITH OUT BASE OR DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS - applies for job number 123456A from:

Sta. 10+00 (POB) to 20+50 for southbound
Sta. 10+00 (POB) to 20+50 for northbound

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pay Item Description</th>
<th>Quantity and Pay Units</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HMA, 4E1</td>
<td>500 Ton</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HMA, 5E1</td>
<td>500 Ton</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

WARRANTY WORK REQUIREMENTS FOR HMA RECONSTRUCTION - applies for job number 123456A from:

Sta. 20+50 to Sta. 35+00 (POE) for southbound
Sta. 20+50 to Sta. 35+50 (POE) for northbound

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pay Item Description</th>
<th>Quantity and Pay Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HMA, 4E1</td>
<td>500 Ton</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HMA, 5E1</td>
<td>500 Ton</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

b. Bonds. Ensure the bonds are on approved forms. Ensure the bonds meet the requirements of Michigan law and of the local agency, and include other items such as the powers of Attorney and Endorsement as specified by the Local Agency.

c. Construction. None specified.

d. Measurement and Payment. The bonds will not be paid for separately but are considered to be included in the cost of the related items of work.
GUIDELINES FOR LOCAL AGENCY PAVEMENT WARRANTY PROGRAM

By
CRA Engineering Committee
Local Agency Pavement Warranty Task Force

Revised 8-13-2018
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PREFACE- Intent of the Local Agency Warranty Program

The Legislature (P.A. 175 of 2015) requires each local road agency to adopt a Local Pavement Warranty Program acceptable to the Michigan Department of Transportation. Warranties have the potential to improve the quality of road projects, benefitting the drivers, taxpayers and road agencies of Michigan.

The intent of the Local Agency Pavement Warranty Program is to provide a warranty program that all local agencies can use for all hot mix asphalt and plain jointed concrete paving projects on public roads and streets. This pavement warranty program was created by the Local Agency Pavement Warranty Task Force, to establish a common pavement warranty program for all local agencies in Michigan. The goals of this Local Agency Pavement Warranty program is to standardize the review, to provide oversight of pavement warranty projects, and to make this program more transparent and uniform for private sector contractors.

This Local Agency Pavement Warranty Program is available for all local road agencies if they choose to use it. Local road agencies vary dramatically in size and sophistication; therefore the Local Road Warranty Task Force developed a warranty program to address the capabilities of the rural, the mid-sized urban and the large urban agencies. This approach provides a warranty program that meets the intent of Public Act 175 of 2015 (MCL 247.662 and 247.663), and provides all local road agencies with a pavement warranty program that provides value to the public.

The Local Road Warranty Task Force recognizes there may be substantial benefits and public confidence resulting from a comprehensive pavement warranty program. However, the existing pavement structure, drainage and planned improvements for each project will need to be evaluated on an individual basis to critically assess a justification or basis for a pavement warranty. Road agencies should anticipate increased project costs related to higher bid prices and costs for the warranty administration such as: pavement monitoring, defect documentation, official notifications, joint field inspections; defect remediation and dispute resolution.

The intent of this GUIDELINES FOR LOCAL AGENCY PAVEMENT WARRANTY PROGRAM, is to provide an overview and guidance on implementing a pavement warranty project. This guideline is intended for local agency use and is not intended to be a contract document.
GUIDELINES FOR LOCAL AGENCY PAVEMENT WARRANTY PROGRAM

Pavement Warranty Reporting and General Warranty Project Selection

Acceding to PA 175 of 2015, all local road agencies must submit an annual report to the state for all projects where the pavement-related bid items exceeded $2 million, regardless of whether or not the agency included a pavement warranty on the project. Each local road agency must submit and maintain its records to comply with the reporting requirements included in Appendix E.

The Task Force determined that the Legislature’s intent for local pavement warranties is to provide assurances to elected officials and taxpayers in the use of the new funds arriving for road and bridge infrastructure. Assurances which include that local road projects would be held to a higher standard in the future.

At the same time, there are logical explanations why a local road agency may choose to not require a warranty such as unjustifiably higher costs for a warranted project that may or may not be affordable to the community and may or may not be justified by the scope of the project; recognition of a limit to the contractor’s ability to bond for every project; some projects are simple preservation or resurfacing over an existing imperfect road base wherein the contractor cannot control such pre-existing conditions; and many other engineering factors that indicate a pavement warranty would not serve the taxpayer’s best interests. Whether or not a warranty is selected on a project with $2 million in pavement related items, this must be reported to the Legislature on an annual, state fiscal year basis.

The Legislature had the wisdom to specify that warranties would be left to the discretion and justification of the local road agency and its road engineering expertise. Agencies can waive a pavement warranty with a written justification. The agency’s written justification identifies reasons such as project appropriateness, scope and type of project improvements, why this is in the best interest of the local agency, project cost justification, and effectiveness of the warranty provisions. It is highly recommended for all local road agencies with paving projects where the engineer’s opinion of cost exceeds $1.8 million in pavement related items that serious consideration should be given to include the pavement warranty special provisions in the project proposal prior to advertisement.

The Task Force does not believe the Legislature intended every local new construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, and overlay road project to be warranted, and thus included the $2 million threshold. Because pavement is the road component most likely to fail – and the area most aggravating to the motoring public – the Task Force believed the Local Pavement Warranty Program was intended to focus on pavement-related items. The Task Force has relied on customary and basic engineering principles in defining pavement-related items that are recommended for consideration of a warranty. As a result of the Local Agency Warranty Task Force believes the Michigan Legislature intended a local road agency to use its best judgment in requiring a warranty, consistent with the scope of the intended project and the ability to enforce it.

This Local Agency Pavement Warranty Program considers the vast array of project types and sizes. Local road agency projects often involve short stretches of pavement resurfacing to address a surface condition or safety concern. These types of projects are accomplished with very limited budgets, often with funding from non-MTF sources. In addition, often these types of projects do not address the subgrade, existing aggregate base or drainage systems; which all are major factors in determining the longevity of a pavement surface. If the road segment may
be subjected to a significant amount of overloads (higher than average daily truck counts and/or heavier than normal axle loading) during the anticipated warranty term, the road may not be a good candidate for pavement warranties. Therefore, the Local Agency Pavement Warranty Program is recommended for road segments designated as “all-season road” which are designed for year-round normal loading.

While the law indicates where possible a pavement warranty shall be secure when the paving project exceeds $2 million, the Task Force recognizes project bids are often 10 percent over the engineer’s opinion of cost, and that a warranty requirement cannot be retroactively applied to a road project after the bids are opened. Thus, the Task Force has recommended the more conservative $1.8 million engineer’s opinion of cost for pavement related items, as the point when the local agency decides if the warranty special provisions are included in the bid documents, rather than the $2 million stated in the law.

The Task Force believes the Michigan Legislature was speaking in the context of new Michigan Transportation Funds for roads, which are exclusively state revenue sources, when it included the Local Agency Pavement Warranty Program alongside the new funding legislation in the 2015 Transportation Package. It also seems clear the Legislature was speaking not just to the new transportation funds, but also to the other road funds under its control, which includes the federal funds flowing through MDOT to the local road agencies.

The Local Agency Pavement Warranty Program also recognizes that if the only source of revenue for a local road agency paving or reconstruction projects is entirely locally derived revenue (non-Act 51 or Federal Funds) such as local general fund, millage revenue, special assessment districts or other locally raised revenue; then these projects will not be subject to the Local Agency Pavement Warranty Program reporting requirements.

It’s important to note that this Local Agency Pavement Warranty Program may also be used by that local road agency on any paving project regardless if the $2 million dollar threshold for pavement related items has been reached or not. This approach ensures that Local Pavement Warranties can be used on any project with any funding source, including Michigan Transportation Funds, and can utilize the same requirements to provide greater understanding and transparency to contractors, stakeholders and the public.

**Warranty Contract Process**

For those construction projects advertised and let through the MDOT Local Agency Programs, the construction contract is between the prime contractor and MDOT. The prime contractors’ surety company names MDOT as the obligee in the performance bond in the original contract. For Local Agency Pavement Warranty projects, an additional warranty contract and pavement warranty bond will be required prior to award, see Appendix D. The bid proposal shall include a contract consistent with the model contract and bond form shown in Appendix D. These documents will serve as the contract and warranty bond between the local road agency and the paving contractor for the warranty work. The warranty bond will be provided by the paving contractor in the name of the local road agency.

The MDOT Local Agency Agreement will reference the local road agency’s responsibility to administer the warranty portion of the contract. Upon the acceptance of the construction work, the prime contractor’s contract and performance bond with MDOT will be released and no longer in effect. At this point the warranty contract and warranty bond are triggered to begin the new contract for the warranted work during the warranty term.
The local road agency will be solely responsible for administering the warranty contract, inspection of warranted work during the warranty period, approving remediation work and seeking resolution through the warranty bond if the contractor is unresponsive in performing corrective work and declaring acceptance of all warranted / corrective work at the end of the warranty period.

**General Guidelines of Local Road Agency Warranties**

These General Guidelines are recommended for all local road agencies administering pavement warranties for public road and street construction contracts. The responsibility and authority for administering pavement warranties rest with the road owner and/or the local road agency that conducted the construction administration phase of the project.

To determine the pavement-related cost for a hot mixed asphalt pavement warranty project, the Local Agency is required to prepare an opinion of cost for all of the pavement-related items which include: the pavement, curb, shoulders, aggregate base, subbase and underdrain pay items. To determine the pavement-related cost for concrete pavements, the local road agency engineer is required to prepare an opinion of cost for all of the pavement-related items which include: pavement, curb, shoulders, joint sealing, dowel bars, load transfer devices, aggregate base, subbase and underdrain. If the total estimated cost of these pavement-related items exceeds $1.8 million in the opinion of the Engineer, the local road agency should review the existing pavement variables, stated in the “Pavement Warranty Reporting and General Warranty Project Selection” section of this document, to determine if the pavement warranty special provisions should be included in the bid documents.

The contractor is responsible for correcting defects attributable to elements within the contractor’s control. Each warranty specification includes condition parameters and distress thresholds to provide a basis for evaluating the warranted work. Each distress parameter includes threshold limits that, if exceeded during the warranty period, would trigger notifying the contractor to participate in a joint field investigation. Depending on the outcome of the investigation the contractor may be required to prepare a remediation plan to correct distresses that are attributable to its materials and/or workmanship or there may be a call for further investigation. If the agency and the contractor cannot agree, either side can call for a Conflict Resolution Team to resolve the dispute as described in the Local Road Agency Special Provision for Hot Mix Asphalt and Concrete Pavement Warranty.

Once a remediation plan is agreed-to by the local road agency and the contractor, the corrective action shall be performed. The corrective actions and/or repairs shall be performed to correct deficiencies in the warranted work in order to achieve acceptance at the end of the warranty period. If the contractor fails to perform the remediation work within specified timeframes, the local road agency shall notify the surety company to perform the work. Further, if a defect is declared as an imminent safety problem by the agency, the local agency may complete the work and seek reimbursement from the contractor or submit a claim against the warranty bond.

All required corrective action must be performed by the contractor at no cost to the owner. The condition parameter thresholds and warranty requirements may vary depending on the date the specification was developed; type of warranty; and the application to the construction work. It is important, therefore, to refer to the specific warranty special provision in the contract when administering warranties.

The warranty administration phase should follow the documentation procedures outlined in Appendix A, B, C, D and E of these guidelines. The warranty administration can be performed by qualified local agency staff members or under a consultant service contract.
Warranty Documents

The Local Agency Pavement Warranty consists of the warranty contract and warranty bond as well as the appropriate special provisions:

- Local Road Agency Special Provision for Hot Mix Asphalt and Concrete Pavement Warranty
- Local Road Agency Special Provision for Warranty Work Requirements for Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement
- Local Road Agency Special Provision for Warranty Work Requirements for Jointed Plain Concrete Pavement
- Local Road Agency Special Provision for Pavement Warranty Information

The Local Road Agency Special Provision for Hot Mix Asphalt and Concrete Pavement Warranty establishes the common terms and definitions applied to pavement projects requiring a warranty. The Local Road Agency Special Provision for Warranty Work Requirements for Hot Mix Asphalt Pavements warrants the Local Road Agency against specific defects in HMA pavements. The Local Road Agency Special Provision for Warranty Work Requirements for Jointed Plain Concrete Pavement warrants the Local Road Agency against specific defects in concrete pavements. Local Road Agency Special Provision for Pavement Warranty Information provides the beginning and ending locations for warranted work and the applicable warranty work requirements special provision.

Under the Local Agency Pavement Warranty special provisions the Prime Contractor is responsible for correcting defects in the pavement caused by elements within the contractor’s control (i.e., the materials supplied, the workmanship, etc.), during the warranty period. The Pavement Warranty Contract Provisions and Warranty Bond may pass through to subcontractors, and with this the responsibility to correct warranty defects, at the direction of the Prime Contractor and upon written notice to the agency prior to the start of the work.

The contractor assumes no responsibility for defects that are design related unless the paving contract is design-build. When a defect is attributable to the materials and/or workmanship and/or the design, the responsibility for correcting the defect (or defects) will be shared by the agency and the contractor. The contractor is responsible for the percentage of fault attributable to the workmanship and/or materials, and the agency is responsible for the percentage of fault attributable to the design. Note: The agency may elect to require the contractor to provide the pavement design(s) in the contract documents and specifications. In this case, the Contractor shall also be responsible for the percentage of fault attributable to the pavement design.

Warranty Process

The process flow charts as shown in Appendix A describe the steps involved in the warranty administration process. The warranty term begins with the acceptance of the warranted work during construction of the project. Warranty Administration involves periodic condition inspections of the mainline pavement areas throughout the warranty term; joint field inspections; documentation of findings, official notifications; joint determination of defects; initiation of corrective action, inspection & documentation of the corrective action taken, filing those inspection reports as necessary, and if necessary a conflict resolution process. If at any time, a safety issue or significant defect is observed or reported, prior to a scheduled inspection, an interim inspection will be initiated by the agency. If emergency repairs are determined to be necessary the agency can perform these repairs without altering the contractor’s responsibilities under the warranty contract.
A joint field review between the local road agency and the warranty contractor may be held to verify and confirm of findings documented during the various inspections. MDOT should be included in any official communication dealing with the warranty if the construction project had MDOT oversight. The findings of the final inspection at the end of the warranty term are distributed to the owner, (and MDOT if construction had MDOT oversight), the warranty contractor and the Surety Company.

The appeal process, when needed, involves assembling a conflict resolution team (CRT) to conduct investigations as needed to determine distress cause & effect and establish concurrence between the local agency and the warranty contractor regarding warranty compliance issues. More on the CRT can be found in the section j, Correction of Defects of the Local Road Agency Special Provision for Hot Mix Asphalt and Concrete Pavement Warranty.

The final step of the process, after the project or warranty work has been deemed acceptable is closing out the warranty project through notification of the contractor, the bonding company and Local agency's Finance and /or Administration Division.

**Rights and Responsibilities of the Local Agency**

The agency administering the project should inform the appropriate local road agency maintenance staff about sections of roadway incorporated in a warranty contract. The local road agency has the right to perform, or have performed, routine and emergency reactive maintenance during the warranty period. Major planned maintenance projects conducted during a warranty period need to be evaluated in terms of possible impact to the ongoing warranty coverage.

If corrective work is required to bring the project back into compliance with the requirements found in the warranty special provisions; the local agency in charge of the construction project must approve the schedule, materials and methods of construction repair. If the contractor is unable to comply with this provision, or fails to comply with it to the local agency’s satisfaction, the local agency reserves the right to arrange for the work to be completed at the contractor’s expense. If this action by the local agency is required, it will in no way relieve the contractor from meeting the warranty requirements stated in the project documents.

The rights and responsibilities are further detailed in Section e, Rights and Responsibilities of the Agency in the Local Agency Special Provision for Hot Mix Asphalt and Concrete Pavement Warranty.

**Rights and Responsibilities of the Contractor**

The contractor must provide a written work plan for any necessary corrective warranty work. A request for a work permit must be submitted through the local road agency’s permit process and work should be coordinated with the construction inspection agency if different from the local agency issuing the permit. All corrective warranty work should be completed within the warranty term. If scheduling conflicts necessitate corrective work being completed outside of the warranty term, the local road agency shall be notified as soon as the contractor is aware of the conflict.

The rights and responsibilities of the contractor are further detailed in Section f. Rights and Responsibilities of the Contractor in the Local Agency Special Provision for Hot Mix asphalt and Concrete Pavement Warranty.
**Supplemental Lien Bonds and Liability Insurance**

In addition to the warranty bond that is in place, if corrective work is necessary the contractor must furnish supplemental lien bond to the local agency covering the corrective work. The Engineer is responsible for estimating the amount of the supplemental lien bond required. The amount should be approximately equal to the dollar amount of the corrective work. The contractor must also have liability insurance in place prior to performing corrective work during the warranty period. The contractor should not be allowed on-site to perform corrective work during the warranty period until the supplemental lien bond is in place and the proper insurances verified. Depending on the nature and scope of the corrective work, the local agency may waive this supplemental lien bond, but not the liability insurance.

**Warranty Inspections**

Warranty inspections are limited to only mainline pavement areas. There are two types of inspections conducted during the warranty period. The cursory inspection is a simplified inspection to quickly identify segments in the project that may have distresses that exceed threshold values. This cursory inspection normally does not require a lane closure and is conducted from the roadway shoulder estimating distress lengths and widths. The detailed inspection requires direct measuring and reporting of all observed distress in each segment. Traffic control may be required to complete the detailed inspection.

The minimum inspection frequency for the various warranty provisions are specified in the applicable warranty inspection guidelines, see Appendix B. The local road agency may elect to perform additional inspections over & above the recommended minimum interim inspections. The suggested time frames in the inspection guidelines allow local road agencies to notify the contractor regarding warranty compliance. Interim inspections may be delayed if weather makes it difficult to inspect the road or creates an unsafe condition. Final inspections shall be completed in a timely manner to ensure that there is enough time to document any thresholds that exceed the condition thresholds and notify the contractor prior to the expiration of the warranty.

The designation of lanes during the warranty inspection shall be detailed adequately so that it is clear to all involved in the warranty process which lane is being referenced. If necessary, a sketch should be included. It is important to use the same lane numbering designation for all inspections conducted throughout the warranty period.

If defects are found in any inspection, they should be carefully and accurately documented, even if the severity or number does not meet the threshold to require corrective work. These notes shall be kept in the inspection files and reviewed prior to all future inspections of the work. The inspectors of the work should pay specific attention to areas previously noted, record those defects, and list any changes in those defects differing from the last inspection.

**Correction of Defects**

If inspections during the warranty term show a defect has exceeded the allowable threshold as defined in either the Hot Mixed Asphalt or Concrete Warranty specification, the contractor shall be notified of the finding. The agency should call for a joint field investigation to determine the cause of the defect, and to discuss the best possible remediation of the problem. If additional forensic investigation is desired, the scope of the investigation, party or consultant to conduct
the investigation, and the cost split shall be agreed to by the engineer and contractor prior to scheduling the investigation.

If the contractor and engineer are in agreement, the Engineer shall send notice to contractor in writing the defect(s), location(s), recommended remediation and a request for a schedule to complete the work. The contractor will reply back to the Engineer, copying the local agency (and MDOT if MDOT had original construction oversight) with a schedule to complete the work. The local agency will issue a permit to the contractor to complete the warranty work according to the Local Agency’s Right-of-way permit policy. The contractor will complete the work under the inspection of the Engineer.

If the contractor and engineer disagree, then a Conflict Resolution Team (CRT) may be convened. The CRT will be made of:

- One (1) member selected, and compensated by the agency.
- One (1) member selected and compensated by the contractor.
- One (1) member mutually selected by the Agency and the contractor.

Compensation for the third party member will be equally shared by the agency and the contractor.

At least two members of the CRT must vote in favor of a motion to make a decision. If the CRT decides to conduct a forensic investigation, the CRT will determine the scope of work and select the party to conduct the investigation. All costs related to the forensic investigation will be shared proportionately between the contractor and the agency based on the determined cause of the warranty defect condition.

**Emergency Repairs**

When the agency determines that emergency repairs of the warranted work are necessary for public safety, the agency or its agent may take immediate and sufficient repair action to address the imminent danger and to safeguard the traveling public. Prior to emergency repairs of warranted work, the agency will document the basis for the emergency action. In addition, the agency will preserve all documentation of the defective condition, including failed materials samples if applicable.

Once the imminent danger to the public has been addressed, the local road agency shall notify the contractor to explain the situation, identify the work temporarily done by the agency, and to what further actions need to happen to return the warranted work and pavement to threshold compliance. A joint inspection may be called to investigate the situation.

The emergency repairs of warranted work by the contractor must be authorized by the agency’s engineer.

Should the contractor be unable to perform the emergency repair to the agency’s satisfaction and/or within the time frame required by the agency, the agency will perform, or have performed any emergency repairs deemed necessary. Any such emergency repairs undertaken will not relieve the contractor from meeting the warranty requirements. Any costs associated with the emergency repairs will be paid by the contractor when due to a cause from defective materials and/or workmanship.
APPENDIX A

Flow Charts
**This is the process if MDOT has oversight and/or MDOT let bid. If project is locally let, with no MDOT oversight, the local agency shall determine the process.**
APPENDIX B

Inspection Guidelines
LOCAL AGENCY
WARRANTY INSPECTION GUIDELINES
HMA NEW CONSTRUCTION / RECONSTRUCTION

Warranty period: 5 Year

Inspection Period Begins: Interim - 6 months after Initial Acceptance
Final - 56 months after initial Acceptance
(Local Agency may do additional inspections)

Notes:
1. Segments defined as 528 foot (1/10 mile).
2. Each lane will be evaluated separately.
3. The threshold level for each distress type is determined separately.

Procedure:
For both INTERIM & FINAL inspections
1. **Perform overview inspection.** Based on results of overview inspection, recommend the project for either:
   a. Acceptable – no corrective work needed. If this is the final inspection recommend acceptance of the work, or
   b. Detailed inspection – more detailed inspection and / or measurements are needed

2. **Perform detailed inspection if required.** Based on the results of detailed inspection, either:
   a. Acceptable – no corrective work needed. If this is the final inspection recommend acceptance of the work, or
   b. Warranty work is needed – Provide contactor written notice of the distresses and locations needing corrective work.

Condition Parameter Measurement:
Performance parameters will be measured as described for each of the following distress types in mainline pavement areas:

1. **Transverse Cracking** - Total number of transverse cracks in a segment. Each individual crack must exceed 5 feet in length to be included in the total.
2. **Longitudinal Cracking** - Total linear feet of longitudinal cracks in a segment. Each individual crack must exceed 5 feet in length to be included in the total.
3. **De-bonding** - Total longitudinal length, in feet, of de-bonding in a segment. Potholes are to be classified as de-bonding. Measure individual de-bonding locations in the longitudinal direction, regardless of width of the distress location and sum these lengths for the segment.
4. **Raveling** - Total longitudinal length, in feet, of raveling in a segment. Measure individual raveling locations in the longitudinal direction, regardless of width of the distress location and sum these lengths for the segment.
5. **Flushing** - Total longitudinal length, in feet, of flushing in a segment. Measure individual flushing locations in the longitudinal direction, regardless of width of the distress location and sum these lengths for the segment.
6. **Rutting** - The average rut depth, in inches, in a segment. Each wheel path shall be evaluated separately. If rutting is found, the pavement surface will be measured beginning at the POB and every 132 feet thereafter to determine average rut depth to quantify rutting for a
particular segment. Rut measurements will be done using a straight rigid device that is a minimum of 7 feet long and of sufficient stiffness that it will not deflect from its own weight, or a wire under sufficient tension to prevent sag when extended 7 feet. Measurements will be taken by placing this “straightedge” across the pavement surface perpendicular to the direction of travel. The straightedge shall contact the surface on at least two bearing points with one located on either side of the rut. The straightedge is properly located when sliding the straightedge along its axis does not change the location of the contact points. Rut depth is then measured at the point of greatest perpendicular distance from the bottom of the straightedge to the pavement surface.

7. **Alligator Cracking** – Total area, in square feet, of alligator cracking in a segment. Measure individual alligator cracked areas and sum the areas for the segment.

**Overview Inspection Procedure:**

1. Review any notes from previous inspections.

2. Perform a “windshield” survey of the entire location length. Based solely on visual examination and estimated measurements, approximate the individual distress quantities for the questionable segment(s) of each distress type and record on the inspection form. Details which should be noted for the inspection include, but are not limited the following:
   a. The lane or ramp where the distress was noted and the associated direction.
   b. Approximate distress location (i.e. 1/4 mile north of the POB, or at the intersection of 1st St in SW quadrant, or near drive for house #123..)
   c. The distress quantity, in general terms (i.e. minor amounts of longitudinal cracking; mid lane flushing).
   d. Areas where temporary maintenance makes it difficult to determine the type of distress, (i.e. presence of cold patching material).

3. Estimate if any of the following distress threshold conditions are exceeded
   a. Transverse Cracking exceeds 3 total in the segment length (3 cracks within 528 feet) for any single segments.
   b. Longitudinal Cracking exceeds 10 percent of the segment length (53 feet within 528 feet) for any single segments.
   c. Debonding exceeds 5 percent (5%) of the segment length (26 feet within 528 longitudinal feet) for any 1 segment.
   d. Raveling exceeds 8 percent (8%) of the segment length (42 feet within 528 longitudinal feet) for any 1 segment.
   e. Flushing exceeds 5 percent (5%) of the segment length (26 feet within 528 longitudinal feet) for any 1 segment.
   f. Average rut depth exceeds 0.375 (3/8) inches for any 1 segment.
   g. Any amount of alligator cracking.

4. If **any** condition above is estimated to be true:
   a. Perform Detailed Inspection; and
5. If all conditions above are false:
   a. Recommend work is acceptable.
   b. If this is an interim or other non-final inspection, put notes in file.
   c. If this is final inspection recommend final acceptance.

**Detailed Inspection Procedure:**

1. Determine the questionable segments suspected of exceeding threshold limits for each individual distress type based on the overview inspection notes.

2. Document the lane, direction and distance from POB, of each questionable segment identified in Step 1.

3. For each questionable segment, measure and record the amount of each individual distress type and record on the inspection form.
   a. Transverse Cracking
   b. Longitudinal Cracking
   c. De-bonding
   d. Raveling
   e. Flushing
   f. Rutting
   g. Alligator Cracking

4. Determine if any of the threshold limits for transverse cracking, longitudinal cracking, de-bonding, raveling, flushing, or alligator cracking, listed under Overview Inspection, are exceeded.

5. Evaluate segments where the average rut depth appears to exceed 0.25 inches as follows.
   a. Measure the average rutting at all questionable segments to verify that the threshold was exceeded.

6. Warranty work is required at those segments for which any of the threshold limits for transverse cracking, longitudinal cracking, de-bonding, raveling, flushing, rutting, or alligator cracking are exceeded. Provide the contractor with results of the inspection indicating segments where warranty work is required.
LOCAL AGENCY
WARRANTY INSPECTION GUIDELINES
HMA CONSTRUCTION OVER AGGREGATE BASE
WITHOUT BASE OR DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENT

Warranty period: 3 Year

Inspection Period Begins:
Interim - 6 months after Initial Acceptance
Final - 32 months after initial Acceptance
(Local Agency may do additional inspections)

Notes:
1. Segments defined as 528 foot (1/10 mile).
2. Each lane will be evaluated separately
3. The threshold level for each distress type is determined separately.

Procedure:
For both INTERIM & FINAL inspections
1. **Perform overview inspection.** Based on results of cursory inspection, recommend the project for either:
   a. Acceptable – no corrective work needed. If this is the final inspection recommend acceptance of the work, or
   b. Detailed inspection – more detailed inspection and / or measurements are needed

2. **Perform detailed inspection if required.** Based on the results of detailed inspection, either:
   a. Acceptable – no corrective work needed. If this is the final inspection recommend acceptance of the work, or
   b. Warranty work is needed – Provide contactor written notice of the distresses and locations needing corrective work.

Condition Parameter Measurement:
Performance parameters will be measured as described for each of the following distress types in mainline pavement areas:

1. **Transverse Cracking** - Total number of transverse cracks in a segment. Each individual crack must exceed 5 feet in length to be included in the total.
2. **Longitudinal Cracking** - Total linear feet of longitudinal cracks in a segment. Each individual crack must exceed 5 feet in length to be included in the total.
3. **De-bonding** - Total longitudinal length, in feet, of de-bonding in a segment. Potholes are to be classified as de-bonding. Measure individual de-bonding locations in the longitudinal direction, regardless of width of the distress location and sum these lengths for the segment.
4. **Raveling** - Total longitudinal length, in feet, of raveling in a segment. Measure individual raveling locations in the longitudinal direction, regardless of width of the distress location and sum these lengths for the segment.
5. **Flushing** - Total longitudinal length, in feet, of flushing in a segment. Measure individual flushing locations in the longitudinal direction, regardless of width of the distress location and sum these lengths for the segment.
6. **Rutting** - The average rut depth, in inches, in a segment. Each wheel path shall be evaluated separately. If rutting is found, the pavement surface will be measured beginning at the POB and every 132 feet.
thereafter to determine average rut depth to quantify rutting for a particular segment. Rut measurements will be done using a straight rigid device that is a minimum of 7 feet long and of sufficient stiffness that it will not deflect from its own weight, or a wire under sufficient tension to prevent sag when extended 7 feet. Measurements will be taken by placing this “straightedge” across the pavement surface perpendicular to the direction of travel. The straightedge shall contact the surface on at least two bearing points with one located on either side of the rut. The straightedge is properly located when sliding the straightedge along its axis does not change the location of the contact points. Rut depth is then measured at the point of greatest perpendicular distance from the bottom of the straightedge to the pavement surface.

7. **Alligator Cracking** – Total area, in square feet, of alligator cracking in a segment. Measure individual alligator cracked areas and sum the areas for the segment.

**Overview Inspection Procedure:**
1. Review any notes from previous inspections.

2. Perform a “windshield” survey of the entire location length. Based solely on visual examination and estimated measurements, approximate the individual distress quantities for questionable segment(s) of each distress type and record on the inspection form. Details which should be noted for the inspection include, but are not limited the following:
   a. The lane or ramp where the distress was noted and the associated direction.
   b. Approximate distress location (i.e. 1/4 mile north of the POB, or at the intersection of 1st St in SW quadrant, or near drive for house #123..)
   c. The distress quantity, in general terms (i.e. minor amounts of longitudinal cracking; mid lane flushing).
   d. Areas where temporary maintenance makes it difficult to determine the type of distress, (i.e. presence of cold patching material).

3. Estimate if any of the following distress threshold conditions are exceeded
   a. Transverse Cracking exceeds 3 total in the segment length (3 cracks within 528 feet) for any 2 segments. All reflective cracking shall be ignored as these will not count against the allowable amount.
   b. Longitudinal Cracking exceeds 25 percent of the segment length (132 feet within 528 feet) for any 2 segments. All reflective cracking shall be ignored as these will not count against the allowable amount.
   c. Debonding exceeds 5 percent (5%) of the segment length (26 feet within 528 longitudinal feet) for any 1 segment.
   d. Raveling exceeds 8 percent (8%) of the segment length (42 feet within 528 longitudinal feet) for any 1 segment.
   e. Flushing exceeds 5 percent (5%) of the segment length (26 feet within 528 longitudinal feet) for any 1 segment.
   f. Average rut depth exceeds 0.375 (3/8) inches for any 1 segment.
g. Any amount of alligator cracking.

4. If any condition above is estimated to be true:
   a. Perform Detailed Inspection; and
   b. Provide a description of the magnitude and location(s) of the distress condition(s) observed which justify the Detailed Inspection.

5. If all conditions above are false,
   a. Recommend work is acceptable.
   b. If this is an interim or other non-final inspection, put notes in file.
   c. If this is final inspection recommend final acceptance.

**Detailed Inspection Procedure:**

1. Determine the questionable segments suspected of exceeding threshold limits for each individual distress type based on the overview inspection notes.

2. Document the lane, direction and distance from POB, of each questionable segment identified in Step 1.

3. For each questionable segment, measure and record the amount of each individual distress type and record on the inspection form.
   a. Transverse Cracking
   b. Longitudinal Cracking
   c. De-bonding
   d. Raveling
   e. Flushing
   f. Rutting
   g. Alligator Cracking

4. Determine if any of the threshold limits for transverse cracking, longitudinal cracking, de-bonding, raveling, flushing, or alligator cracking, listed under Overview Inspection, are exceeded.

5. Evaluate segments where the average rut depth appears to exceed 0.25 inches as follows.
   a. Measure the average rutting at all questionable segments to verify that the threshold was exceeded.

6. Warranty work is required at those segments for which any of the threshold limits for transverse cracking, longitudinal cracking, de-bonding, raveling, flushing, rutting, or alligator cracking are exceeded. Provide the contractor with results of the inspection indicating segments where warranty work is required.
Warranty period: 1 Year

Inspection Period Begins: Final - 10 months after Initial Acceptance
(Local Agency may do additional inspections such as at 6 months after initial acceptance, after spring break up, etc.)

Notes:
1. Segments defined as 528 foot (1/10 mile).
2. Each lane will be evaluated separately.
3. The threshold level for each distress type is determined separately.

Procedure:
1. Preform overview inspection. Based on results of cursory inspection, recommend the project for either:
   a. Acceptable – no corrective work needed. If this is the final inspection recommend acceptance of the work, or
   b. Detailed inspection – more detailed inspection and / or measurements are needed

2. Perform detailed inspection if required. Based on the results of detailed inspection, either:
   a. Acceptable – no corrective work needed. If this is the final inspection recommend acceptance of the work, or
   b. Warranty work is needed – Provide contactor written notice of the distresses and locations needing corrective work.

Condition Parameter Measurement:
Performance parameters will be measured as described for each of the following distress types in mainline pavement areas:

1. **Transverse Cracking** - Total number of transverse cracks in a segment. Only count cracks that are not “reflective” from a prior crack or joint. Count all transverse cracks that cannot be positively identified as “reflective” or are questionable. Each individual crack must exceed 5 feet in length to be included in the total. Ignore transverse cracking for all single course overlays, or if the total thickness of multiple course overlays is 2” or less.

2. **Longitudinal Cracking** - Total linear feet of longitudinal cracks in a segment. Only count cracks that are not “reflective” from a prior crack or joint. Count all longitudinal cracks that cannot be positively identified as “reflective” or are questionable. Each individual crack must exceed 5 feet in length to be included in the total. Ignore transverse cracking for all single course overlays, or if the total thickness of multiple course overlays is 2” or less.

3. **De-bonding** - Total longitudinal length, in feet, of de-bonding in a segment. Potholes are to be classified as de-bonding. Measure individual de-bonding locations in the longitudinal direction, regardless of width of the distress location and sum these lengths for the segment.

4. **Raveling** - Total longitudinal length, in feet, of raveling in a segment. Measure individual raveling locations in the longitudinal direction, regardless of width of the distress location and sum these lengths for the segment.
5. **Flushing** - Total longitudinal length, in feet, of flushing in a segment. Measure individual flushing locations in the longitudinal direction, regardless of width of the distress location and sum these lengths for the segment.

6. **Rutting** - The average rut depth, in inches, in a segment. Each wheel path shall be evaluated separately. If rutting is found, the pavement surface will be measured beginning at the POB and every 132 feet thereafter to determine average rut depth to quantify rutting for a particular segment. Rut measurements will be done using a straight rigid device that is a minimum of 7 feet long and of sufficient stiffness that it will not deflect from its own weight, or a wire under sufficient tension to prevent sag when extended 7 feet. Measurements will be taken by placing this “straightedge” across the pavement surface perpendicular to the direction of travel. The straightedge shall contact the surface at least two bearing points with one located on either side of the rut. The straightedge is properly located when sliding the straightedge along its axis does not change the location of the contact points. Rut depth is then measured at the point of greatest perpendicular distance from the bottom of the straightedge to the pavement surface.

7. **Alligator Cracking** – Total area, in square feet, of alligator cracking in a segment. Measure individual alligator cracked areas and sum the areas for the segment.

**Overview Inspection Procedure:**

1. Review any notes from previous inspections.

2. Perform a “windshield” survey of the entire location length. Based solely on visual examination and estimated measurements, approximate the individual distress quantities for the questionable segment(s) of each distress type and record on the inspection form. Details which should be noted for the inspection include, but are not limited the following:
   a. The lane or ramp where the distress was noted and the associated direction.
   b. Approximate distress location (i.e. 1/4 mile north of the POB, or at the intersection of 1st St in SW quadrant, or near drive for house #123..)
   c. The distress quantity, in general terms (i.e. minor amounts of longitudinal cracking; mid lane flushing).
   d. Areas where temporary maintenance makes it difficult to determine the type of distress, (i.e. presence of cold patching material).

3. Estimate if any of the following distress threshold conditions are exceeded
   a. Transverse Cracking exceeds 3 total in the segment length (3 cracks within 528 feet) for any 3 segments. All reflective cracking shall be ignored as these will not count against the allowable amount.
   b. Longitudinal Cracking exceeds 25 percent of the segment length (132 feet within 528 feet) for any 3 segments. Ignore all reflective cracking. All reflective cracking shall be ignored as these will not count against the allowable amount.
c. Debonding exceeds 5 percent (5\%) of the segment length (26 feet within 528 longitudinal feet) for any 1 segment.
d. Raveling exceeds 8 percent (8\%) of the segment length (42 feet within 528 longitudinal feet) for any 1 segment.
e. Flushing exceeds 5 percent (5\%) of the segment length (26 feet within 528 longitudinal feet) for any 1 segment.
f. Average rut depth exceeds 0.375 (3/8) inches for any 1 segment.
g. Any amount of alligator cracking.

4. If **any** condition above (in item 2) is estimated to be true:
   a. Perform Detailed Inspection; and
   b. Provide a description of the magnitude and location(s) of the distress condition(s) observed which justify the Detailed Inspection.

5. If **all** conditions above are false,
   a. Recommend work is acceptable.
   b. If this is an interim or other non-final inspection, put notes in file
   c. If this is final inspection recommend final acceptance.

**Detailed Inspection Procedure:**

1. Determine the questionable segments suspected of exceeding threshold limits for each individual distress type based on the overview inspection notes.

2. Document the lane, direction and distance from POB, of each questionable segment identified in Step 1.

3. For each questionable segment, measure and record the amount of each individual distress type and record on the inspection form.
   a. Transverse Cracking
   b. Longitudinal Cracking
   c. De-bonding
   d. Raveling
   e. Flushing
   f. Rutting
   g. Alligator Cracking

4. Determine if any of the threshold limits for transverse cracking, longitudinal cracking, de-bonding, raveling, flushing, or alligator cracking, listed under Overview Inspection, are exceeded.

5. Evaluate segments where the average rut depth appears to exceed 0.25 inches as follows.
   a. Measure the average rutting at all questionable segments to verify that the threshold was exceeded.

6. Warranty work is required at those segments for which any of the threshold limits for transverse cracking, longitudinal cracking, de-bonding, raveling, flushing, rutting, or alligator cracking are exceeded. Provide the contractor with results of the inspection indicating segments where warranty work is required.
WARRANTY INSPECTION GUIDELINES
NEW/RECONSTRUCTED JOINTED PLAIN CONCRETE PAVEMENT

Warranty period: 5 Years

Inspection Period Begins: Interim - 30 months after Initial Acceptance
Final - 56 months after initial Acceptance
(Local Agency may do additional inspections)

Notes:
1. **Segment** - 528 feet in a specific driving lane. For inspection a segment begins at the point where the joint sealant failure or pavement distress begins to appear and extends for 528 feet from that point.
2. **Slab** - The pavement outlined between consecutive transverse joints and longitudinal joints or a longitudinal joint and the outer pavement edge. Segments consist of one or more slabs.
3. **Driving Lanes** - Each of the following is considered a Driving Lane.
   a. Each individual mainline lane.
   b. The sum of all ramp lanes and associated acceleration/deceleration lanes.
   c. The sum of all auxiliary lanes, such as passing lanes and turn lanes.
4. **Condition Parameters** - Each condition parameter has a threshold level applied to each segment and a maximum number of defective segments before corrective action is required. A segment is defective if the threshold level is exceeded.
5. **Longitudinal Joint Designation** - All inspections relate to the driving lane as defined in the warranty special provision. For tallying joint sealant failure and pavement distress (spalling), consider the entire perimeter of the slab in all cases. The condition parameter of the full joint associated with the slab being evaluated is considered even though two adjacent slabs may share the same interior longitudinal joint.
6. The contractor will not be required to take corrective measures as a result of the interim inspection unless the Engineer determines emergency repairs are needed for public safety. Any faults or distresses noted will be logged and verified with the final inspection.

Procedure:
For both INTERIM & FINAL inspections
1. **Perform overview inspection.** Based on results of overview inspection, recommend the project for either:
   a. Acceptable – no corrective work needed. If this is the final inspection recommend acceptance of the work, or
   b. Detailed inspection – more detailed inspection and / or measurements are needed
2. **Perform detailed inspection if required.** Based on the results of detailed inspection, either:
   a. Acceptable – no corrective work needed. If this is the final inspection recommend acceptance of the work, or
   b. Warranty work is needed – Provide contactor written notice of the distresses and locations needing corrective work.
Overview Inspection Procedure:

1. Review any notes from previous inspections of the work.

2. Perform a “windshield” survey of the entire project length. Inspect all driving lanes. Based solely on visual examination and estimated measurements, approximate the individual distress quantities for the questionable segment(s) of each distress type and record on the inspection form. Details which should be noted for the inspection include, but are not limited the following:
   a. The lane or ramp where the distress was noted and the associated direction.
   b. Approximate distress location (i.e. 1/4 mile north of the POB, or at the intersection of 1st St in SW quadrant, or near drive for house #123..)
   c. Estimate the distress quantity. Also include a description of distress in general terms (i.e. minor amounts of longitudinal cracking; every joint has loss of sealant).
   d. Areas where temporary maintenance makes it difficult to determine the type of distress, (i.e. presence of cold patching material).

3. If this is an interim or other non-final inspection, Put notes in file and STOP HERE.

4. If this is the final inspection, estimate if any of the following distress threshold conditions are exceeded
   a. Transverse Cracking exceeds 2 total for any 1 segment. (2 cracks within 528 feet).
   b. Longitudinal Cracking exceeds 5 percent (5%) of the segment length (26 feet within 528 feet) for any 1 segment.
   c. Map Cracking exceeds 10 percent (10%) of the segment area (632 square feet within 528 longitudinal feet assuming 12 foot lane width) for any 1 segment.
   d. Spalling exceeds 10 percent (10%) of each slab. Can be non-contiguous. Include all 4 sides of the slab.
   e. Scaling exceeds 15 percent (15%) of the slab area.
   f. Corner cracking exceeds 1 for any 1 segment.
   g. Joint Sealant failure exceeds 10 percent (10%) total joint length in a segment. Include both longitudinal & transverse joints
   h. Any shattered slabs.

5. If any condition above is true:
   a. Perform Detailed Inspection; and
   b. Provide a description of the magnitude and location(s) of the distress condition(s) observed which justify the Detailed Inspection.

6. If all conditions above are false and this is the final inspection, recommend Final Acceptance.

Detailed Inspection Procedure: This will be done at final inspection when distresses are estimated to be at threshold levels, and at interim inspections as directed by the engineer.

1. Determine the questionable segments suspected of exceeding threshold limits for each individual distress type based on the overview inspection notes.
2. Document the lane, direction and distance from POB, of each questionable segment identified in Step 1.

3. For each questionable segment, measure and record the amount of each individual distress type and record on the inspection form.
   a. Transverse Cracking
   b. Longitudinal Cracking
   c. Map Cracking
   d. Spalling
   e. Flushing
   f. Scaling
   g. Joint sealant failure
   h. Shattered slabs

4. Determine if any of the threshold limits for the various distresses are exceeded.

5. Warranty work is required at those segments for which any of the threshold limits are exceeded. Provide the contractor with results of the inspection indicating segments where warranty work is required.
APPENDIX C

Inspection Forms

Under Development

The inspections forms have not been developed to-date; the Task Force Education Committee is working with LTAP to create inspection forms compatible with the RoadSoft program to enable tracking the warranty inspection forms to the actual location along a road segment.
INSPECTION FORM FOR HMA WARRANTY WORK

Inspected By: _____________________________________ Date:  ____________________

Type of inspection: ___ Interim ___ Final ___ Special

Type of Construction: ___ New HMA Construction / Reconstruction  
___ HMA over Ag. Base without other improvements  
___ HMA Overlay

Distresses Found? ____Yes (Describe below, attach additional sheets if needed) ____No

Distresses Found: (Describe type, severity & location)
______________________________________________________________________________
______________________________________________________________________________
______________________________________________________________________________
______________________________________________________________________________

Corrective action needed? _____ Yes _____ No _____ Needs further evaluation

Signed (INSPECTOR):______________________________________________________________

Checked by (ENGINEER):_________________________________________________________
# INSPECTION FORM FOR CONCRETE WARRANTY WORK

Inspected By: ________________________________ Date: __________________

Type of inspection: ___ Interim    ___ Final    ___ Special

Type of Construction: ___ Plain Concrete    ___ Reinforced Concrete

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition Parameter or Defect</th>
<th>Threshold Limits Per Segment (Length = 528 feet)</th>
<th>Max. Defective Segments Per Driving Lane-Mile (a)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Transverse Crack</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Longitudinal Crack</td>
<td>5% of segment length</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Map Cracking</td>
<td>10% of segment area</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edge Spalling</td>
<td>10% each slab (b) &lt; 2 slabs</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surface Scaling</td>
<td>15% of the slab area &lt; 1 slab</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corner Cracking</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Joint Sealant Failure</td>
<td>10% joint length (c) &lt; 2 slabs</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shattered Slab</td>
<td>0 (d)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Distresses Found? ____ Yes (Describe below, attach additional sheets if needed) ____ No

Distresses Found: (Describe type, severity & location)

Corrective action needed? ____ Yes ____ No ____ Needs further evaluation

Signed (INSPECTOR): ______________________________________________________

Checked by (ENGINEER): ________________________________________________
APPENDIX D

Model Pavement Warranty
Contract and Bond Forms
a. **Description.** This special provision establishes the conditions under which and method for a contractor to assign responsibility for the warranty obligations and the providing of a warranty bond to a warranty contractor(s). Second tier subcontractor assignments are prohibited.

b. **Requirements.** Ensure the Warranty Contract(s) and warranty bond(s) are on forms provided by the Local Agency. Ensure the bonds meet the requirements of Michigan law and of the Local Agency and include other items such as the powers of Attorney and Endorsement as specified by the Local Agency.

c. **Method.** The assignment must be made to the warranty contractor(s) that will perform the work covered by the warranty. If for any reason after signing the Warranty Contract and providing the Warranty Bond, the warranty contractor does not perform the work, the warranty contractor will remain obligated for the warranty obligations and the warranty bond obligations will remain in effect unless the Local Agency consents in writing to substituting a different contractor to assume those warranty obligations and accepts a substitute warranty bond.

The assignment of warranty work must be designated with and at the time of electronic bid submittal. To become a warranty contractor responsible for the warranty obligations of the contract, and providing a warranty bond, the warranty contractor must complete and submit to the Local Agency a Warranty Contract and a Warranty Bond for each warranty it will be responsible for. Ensure the Warranty Contract is signed by an authorized signer of the warranty contractor, as identified in its prequalification application.

Submit the Warranty Contract and Warranty Bond to the Local Agency prior to award of the construction contract to the prime contractor for the work to which the warranty applies. Ensure the warranty contractor is prequalified in the work classification for the type of work to be warranted. The Warranty Bond must guarantee performance of all warranty obligations for the covered work, in accordance with the Warranty Contract. All provisions of the prime contract will be applicable to the warranty contractor in regard to the warranty work, except as otherwise expressly provided in the Warranty Contract.

Under no circumstances does the assignment of the warranty work and the execution of a Warranty Contract create any obligations to the Local Agency beyond the obligations undertaken in the prime contract. The purpose of the Local Agency accepting the assignment of warranty obligations is to allow a warranty contractor to stand in place of the prime contractor for purposes of the warranty work without increasing any obligation or liability that the Local Agency would have had if the prime contractor had not assigned the warranty work.

d. **Measurement and Payment.** This work will not be paid for separately, but will be included in costs for other pay items.
<local agency name>
LOCAL AGENCY
PASS-THROUGH WARRANTY BOND
Bond Number: ______________________

KNOWN ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS

That we, ___________________________ (hereinafter called the "Principal" and ___________________________ (hereinafter called "Surety") a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of ___________ and duly licensed to transact business in the State of Michigan, are held and firmly bound unto the ___________ (hereinafter called the "Obligee"), in the sum of $__________________________ dollars for the payment of which sum well and truly to be made, we, the said Principal and the said Surety, bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

WHEREAS, the said Principal has heretofore entered into a contract with the Obligee, under Contract ID _______ and;

WHEREAS, the said Principal is required to guarantee the:

installed under said contract, against defects in materials or workmanship which may develop during the period of ___________ years beginning the date of the Acceptance Date of Warranted Work by the Obligee.

In no event shall losses paid under this bond aggregate more than the amount of the bond.

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH, that if said Principal shall faithfully carry out and perform the said guarantee, and shall, on due notice, repair and make good at its own expense any and all defects in materials or workmanship in the said work which may develop during the period specified above or shall pay over, make good and reimburse to the said Obligee all loss and damage which said Obligee may sustain by reason of failure or default of said Principal so to do, then this obligation shall be null and void; otherwise shall remain in full force and effect.

PROVIDED HOWEVER, that in the event of any default on the part of said Principal, a written statement of the particular facts showing such default and the date thereof shall be delivered to the Surety by registered mail, promptly in any event within ten (10) days after the Obligee or his representative shall learn of such default and that no claim, suit or action by reason of any default of the Principal shall be brought hereunder after the expiration of thirty (30) days from the end of the warranty period as herein set forth.

Signed by: __________________________ day of ________________ 20_____________.

Contractor

By ______________________________

Surety

By ______________________________
PASS THROUGH WARRANTY CONTRACT

This contract ID number ____________ is executed on the date signed below by the ______________________ of the <local agency name> between the Warranty Contractor, Prime Contractor and the Local Agency in conjunction with the execution of this contract ID number, between the Local Agency and the Prime Contractor.

(Warranty Contractor)

(Prime Contractor)

The work included within this Warranty Contract is, described here:

The Warranty Contractor represents that it has entered into a subcontract with the Prime Contractor to perform Warranted Work for the project, but that any failure to have properly done so, or any breach or failure in the performance of that subcontract, shall not diminish or otherwise affect the obligations of the Warranty Contractor to the Local Agency under this warranty contract. Nor shall the obligations of the Warranty Contractor to the Local Agency under this warranty contract be diminished or affected if the Prime Contractor or some other person performs some or all of the Warranted Work or warranty obligations for the project, unless the Local Agency consents to, and executes, a written amendment to this warranty contract.

Insofar as they pertain to the warranty rights and obligations, the terms of the contract are hereby incorporated by reference into this warranty contract and, for purposes of this warranty contract, references in the contract to the contractor shall be deemed to refer to the Warranty Contractor.

The Warranty Contractor hereby agrees to fulfill and perform, without qualification or exception, all of the warranty obligations under the terms of the contract, as if they were the Prime Contractor. Until acceptance of the Warranted Work, the Prime Contractor will be responsible to the Department for ensuring completion of the Warranted Work and to the Local Agency for fulfilling the terms of the warranty for that work. Upon acceptance of the Warranted Work, the Warranty Contractor shall have full responsibility for the warranty obligations and the Prime Contractor will be relieved of further obligation for performing those warranty obligations.

The Warranty Contractor agrees that its obligations to the Local Agency under this warranty contract are the same as if the Warranty Contractor was the Prime Contractor; the Warranty Contractor can assert no rights, defenses or qualifications to the warranty obligations under the contract that would have been unavailable to the Prime Contractor, if the Prime Contractor had retained contractual responsibility for the warranty. The Warranty Contractor may assert the same rights under the terms of the warranty as could have been asserted by the Prime Contractor, if the Prime Contractor had retained contractual responsibility for the warranty.

This warranty contract may be executed prior to execution of the contract with the Prime Contractor, provided that if the Local Agency fails to execute the contract with the Prime Contractor this warranty contract shall be null and void.

By: ___________________________ By: ___________________________

Title: __________________________ Title: __________________________

By: __________________________

Typed name: ______________________

Local Agency: ______________________

Date: ____________________________
APPENDIX E

Reporting Forms

Under Development

Local Road Agencies Warranty Program Reporting

We have partnered with the Transportation Asset Management Council to modify the Investment Reporting Tool to provide an open and transparent reporting method for each local transportation agency. The reporting fields will be enabled as soon as the Local Agency Pavement Warranty Program is approved by MDOT.

We have also partnered with the Michigan Technological University - CTT to modify the Roadsoft Program to provide a common data entry method for each local road agency. The Roadsoft warranty data fields will be imported into the TAMC ITR module to provide a statewide presentation of the warranty projects that exceed the $2,000,000 threshold.
APPENDIX F

Education and Training

Under Development

Education of Local Road Agencies on Local Pavement Warranty Program

Since the passage of the 2015 Transportation Package, the CRA has been informing its members of the coming warranty requirement; the Engineering Updates provided by the CRA-MML Engineering Specialist have also described the imminent Local Pavement Warranty Program. The CRA provided updates about the Local Pavement Warrant Program at its nine regional Council meetings during fall-winter 2017-2018; at its County Engineers Workshop in February 2018; at its Highway Conference in March 2018, and at its Road Commissioners Conference in April 2018. The CRA is also developing this Guidance Document on Local Pavement Warranties to serve as the training manual for. The CRA has scheduled and dedicated a large portion of its annual 2017 Law Symposium to a session on Implementing the New Local Pavement Warranties on December 5, 2017; speakers include the legal counsel from the Road Commission for Oakland County and CRA-MML Engineering Specialist Steve Puuri. The CRA-MML Engineering Specialist Steve Puuri and two bond counsel representatives provided an update at the Michigan Concrete Association.

In addition, the Local Pavement Warranty Task Force has created an Education Committee that has been developing model agency adoption resolutions and training materials. The Task Force has partnered with the Local Technical Assistance Program to develop and conduct training program for decision makers and project staff. The Education Committee is poised to distribute adoption and training materials upon approval of the Local Agency Pavement Warranty Program by MDOT. Finally, the Task Force has developed this Guidance Document to assist local agency decision makers and project staff with implementing their Local Agency Pavement Warranty program.
Friday, July 26, 2019

Michael J. Brown, Attorney
C/O RITE AID OF MICHIGAN, INC.
mbrown@cebhlaw.com

RID #   RID # RQ:1907-10458    Reference/Transaction: NEW SDM LICENSE ISSUED UNDER MCL 436.1533(5)(b)(ii); NEW SUNDAY SALES PERMIT (AM) LOCATED AT 1004 E MICHIGAN AVE LANSING MI 48912-1809 IN LANSING CITY IN INGHAM COUNTY

Please let this letter serve as notice the Michigan Liquor Control Commission has referred your application to our Enforcement Division for investigation of your request.

Applicant/Licensee: RITE AID OF MICHIGAN, INC.

Business address and phone number: 1004 E MICHIGAN AVE LANSING MI 48912-1809 IN LANSING CITY IN INGHAM COUNTY

Home address and phone number of partner(s)/subordinates:
Rite Aid Corporation; 30 Hunter Lane Camp Hill PA 17011; Business phone: 517-321-4616

As part of the licensing process, an investigation is required by the Michigan Liquor Control Commission Enforcement Division. The Enforcement investigation will be conducted from the following designated District Office:

Lansing District Office (517) 284-6330

You may contact your designated District Office regarding any appointments or questions on documentation requested by the Investigator. **Failure to provide requested information or to keep scheduled appointments will cause the application to be returned to the Lansing office for cancellation.**

Under administrative rule R 436.1105, the Commission shall consider the opinions of the local residents, local legislative body, or local law enforcement agency with regard to the proposed business when determining whether an applicant may be issued a license or permit.

Under administrative rule R 436.1003, the licensee shall comply with all state and local building, plumbing, zoning, sanitation, and health laws, rules, and ordinances as determined by the state and local law enforcements officials who have jurisdiction over the licensee. The licensee must obtain all other required state and local licenses, permits, and approvals before using this license for the sale of alcoholic liquor. Approval of this license by the Michigan Liquor Control Commission does not waive any of these requirements.

MICHIGAN LIQUOR CONTROL COMMISSION
Retail Licensing Division
(866) 813-0011

c:   LANSING CITY chris.swope@lansingmi.gov